# Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 AUDITORS' REPORT

The auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are English translations of the Chinese auditors' report and statutory financial statements prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the People's Republic of China. These financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in other countries and jurisdictions. In case the English version does not conform to the Chinese version, the Chinese version prevails.

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#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

## TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd (hereafter referred to as "the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity for the reporting year then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises so as to give a true and fair view of, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024, and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the requirements of the Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Chinese Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfiled our other ethical responsibilities. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls necessary to permit the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and using the going concern assumption, unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Shanghai Shenya Certified Public Accountants Certified Public Accountant

Co.,ltd.

(For identification purpose only)

Certified Public Accountant

Address: Shanghai, China

30 April 2025

## **BALANCE SHEET**

[English Translation for Reference Only] Currency: RMB

Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

Items	Notes V	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1	880,530.17	643,969.46
Short-term investment		·	·
Notes receivable			
Accounts receivable			
Prepayments	2	15,308.95	15,897.76
Other receivables	3	130,137.07	134,488.74
Inventories			
Including: Raw materials			
Goods in process			
Finished goods			
Turnover materials			
Other current assets	4	63,963.47	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,089,939.66	794,355.96
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Long-term equity investments			
Long-term debt investment			
Fixed assets - Cost	5	43,385.00	43,385.00
Less: Accumulated depreciation	5	42,924.28	34,699.43
Fixed assets - Net book value	5	460.72	8,685.57
Construction in progress			
Fixed assets pending for disposal			
Productive biological assets			
Intangible assets			
Development costs			
Long-term deferred expenses			
Other non-current assets			
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		460.72	8,685.57
TOTAL ASSETS		1,090,400.38	803,041.53

## **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

[English Translation for Reference Only] Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd Currency: RMB Notes V 31 December 2024 31 December 2023 Items **CURRENT LIABILITIES:** Short-term loans Notes payable Accounts payable Advance from customers Salaries and employee benefits payable 6 421,017.86 725,300.90 7 Taxes and other fees payable 102,450.59 Other payables Liabilities classified as held for sale Non-current liabilities due within one year Other current liabilities **TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES** 421,017.86 827,751.49 **NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:** Long-term loans Bonds payable Long-term payables Long-term employee benefits payable **Provisions** Other non-current liabilities Including: Fund specifically reserved **TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES** 421,017.86 827,751.49 OWNERS' EQUITY: 8 1,000,000.00 Paid-in capital 1,000,000.00 Capital reserves Less: Treasury stocks Specific reserves Surplus reserves Retained earnings ("-" for accumulated losses) 9 -1,024,709.96 -330,617.48 TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY 669,382.52 -24,709.96 TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY 1,090,400.38 803,041.53

## **INCOME STATEMENT**

[English Translation for Reference Only]

Currency: RMB

Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

Items	Notes V	2024	2023
Total revenue	10	7,718,271.63	6,252,998.10
Total cost of sales		6,996,781.19	4,881,508.15
Including: Operating costs			
Tax and surcharges	11	27,965.93	21,805.97
Selling expenses			
General and administrative expenses	12	6,967,262.78	4,858,033.10
Research and development costs			
Finance expenses ("-" for income)	13	1,552.48	1,669.08
Add: Other income ("-" for losses)			
Investment income ("-" for losses)			
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS ("-" FOR LOSSES)		721,490.44	1,371,489.95
Add: Non-operating income	14	11,430.21	6,205.97
Less: Non-operating expenses	15		1,626,854.78
Including: Losses from disposal of non-current assets			
Losses from non-monetary exchange of assets			
Losses from debt restructuring			
PROFIT BEFORE TAX ("-" FOR LOSSES)		732,920.65	-249,158.86
Less: Income tax expenses	16	38,828.16	38,528.18
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ("-" FOR LOSSES)		694.092.49	-287.687.04

## **CASH FLOWS STATEMENT**

[English Translation for Reference Only]

Currency: RMB

Company Cun Dharma (Changhai) Co. Ltd		[English Translation it	
Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Notes	2024	Currency: RMB
Items Cook Flows from Operating Activities	Notes	2024	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		8,181,484.38	6 040 030 33
Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services Refunds of taxes		0,101,404.30	6,949,038.33
		2 407 220 84	1 010 006 00
Other cash received relating to operating activities		2,107,239.84	1,010,806.89
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		10,288,724.22	7,959,845.22
Cash paid for goods and services		4 025 450 20	4 007 005 20
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		4,835,159.29	1,887,065.32
Tax payments		668,490.91	346,489.04
Other cash paid relating to operating activities		4,548,513.31	5,529,187.24
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		10,052,163.51	7,762,741.60
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		236,560.71	197,103.62
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Cash received from disposal of investments			
Cash received from return on investments			
Cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets			
and other long-term assets			
Net cash recovered from disposal of subsidiaries and other			
operating units			
Other cash receipts relating to investing activities			
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities			
Cash paid to acquire investment			
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets			
and other long-term assets			
Other cash paid relating to investing activities			
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities			
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:  Cash received from capital contributions			
Cash received from borrowings			
<u> </u>			
Other cash receipts relating to financing activities  Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities			
Repayments of borrowings			
Dividends paid, profit distributed or interest paid			
·			
Other cash payments relating to financing activities			
Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities			
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	1		
and Cash Equivalents		226 560 74	107 402 62
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		236,560.71	<b>197,103.62</b>
Add: Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		643,969.46	446,865.84
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		880,530.17	643,969.46

## **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

[English Translation for Reference Only]
Currency: RMB

Company, Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Llu				20	24			Currency, Rivib
Items	Paid-in capital	Capital reserves	Less: Treasury stocks	Other comprehensive income	Specific reserves	Surplus reserves	Retained earnings	Total Owners' Equity
1. Balance as at the end of last year	1,000,000.00						-1,024,709.96	-24,709.96
Add: Changes in accounting policies	, ,							·
Corrections of errors in prior periods							-0.01	-0.01
2. Balance at the beginning of the year	1,000,000.00						-1,024,709.97	-24,709.97
3. Movement during the year ("-" for decrease)	, ,						694,092.49	694,092.49
3.1. Total comprehensive income							694,092.49	694,092.49
3.2. Paid-in capital injected by or returned to investors								
a. Paid-in capital injected by investors								
b. Share-based payments charged to equity								
c. Others								
3.3. Appropriations of profits								
a. Appropriations to surplus reserves								
Including: Statutory reserves								
Discretionary reserves								
Reserved funds								
Enterprise development funds								
Profit to be returned to investors								
b. Appropriations to investors								
c. Others								
3.4. Equity transfer among equity accounts ("-" for decre								
a. Capital reserves transferred to paid-in capital								
b. Surplus reserves transferred to paid-in capital								
c. Surplus reserves used to offset losses								
d. Others								
3.5. Specific reserves								
a. Provision in the current period								
b. Utilised in the current period ("-" for utilisation)								
4. Balance at the end of the year	1,000,000.00						-330,617.48	669,382.52

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

[English Translation for Reference Only]
Currency: RMB

Company, Sun Pharma (Shanghar) Co., Ltu				2023				Currency, Rivid
Items	Paid-in capital	Capital reserves	Less: Treasury stocks	Other comprehensive income	Specific reserves	Surplus reserves	Retained earnings	Total Owners' Equity
1. Balance as at the end of last year	1,000,000.00						-737,022.92	262,977.08
Add: Changes in accounting policies	, ,						,	,
Corrections of errors in prior periods								
2. Balance at the beginning of the year	1,000,000.00						-737,022.92	262,977.08
3. Movement during the year ("-" for decrease)	-,,						-287,687.04	-287,687.04
3.1. Total comprehensive income							-287,687.04	-287,687.04
3.2. Paid-in capital injected by or returned to investors								
a. Paid-in capital injected by investors								
b. Share-based payments charged to equity								
c. Others								
3.3. Appropriations of profits								
a. Appropriations to surplus reserves								
Including: Statutory reserves								
Discretionary reserves								
Reserved funds								
Enterprise development funds								
Profit to be returned to investors								
b. Appropriations to investors								
c. Others								
3.4. Equity transfer among equity accounts ("-" for decre								
a. Capital reserves transferred to paid-in capital								
b. Surplus reserves transferred to paid-in capital								
c. Surplus reserves used to offset losses								
d. Others								
3.5. Specific reserves								
a. Provision in the current period								
b. Utilised in the current period ("-" for utilisation)								
4. Balance at the end of the year	1,000,000.00						-1,024,709.96	-24,709.96

#### I. COMPANY BACKGROUND

Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd ("the Company") is a limited liability company (wholly foreign legal entity) established on December 21, 2020, and has obtained the Business License with the unified social credit code of 91310000MA1FRN0Y0B. The registered capital of the company is RMB 1 million, legal representative: SETHURAMAN THILLAI GOVINDAN, company address: Room 4D, No. 1800 west Zhongshan Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai.

The Company approved scope of business operations includes Permitted items: Import and export agent; Import and export of goods; Import and export of pharmaceuticals; Pharmaceutical wholesale; Drug commissioned production (branch only). (For projects subject to approval according to law, business activities can be carried out only after approval by relevant departments, and specific business projects shall be subject to approval documents or licenses of relevant departments.) general projects: marketing planning; Enterprise management consulting; Information technology consulting services; Information consulting services (excluding licensing information consulting services). (Except for projects subject to approval according to law, independently carry out business activities according to law with business license).

#### **II. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

- 1. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of "Accounting Standards for Small Enterprises" as promulgated by Ministry of Finance of P. R. China. These financial statements present truly and completely the financial position as at 31 December 2024, the results of operations and the cash flows of the Company for the year then
- 2. The company has the ability to continue operations for at least 12 months from the reporting period end, and there are no significant matters that affect its ability to continue operations.

#### III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

1. Accounting system and accounting standards

The accounting policies adopted by the Company are in accordance with Accounting Standards for Small Business Enterprises.

2. Accounting period

The Company's accounting year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

3. Recording currency

The recording currency of the Company is Renminbi Yuan ("RMB").

4. Basis of accounting and measurement bases

The Company follows the accrual basis of accounting. Assets are initially recorded at actual cost on acquisition and subsequently adjusted for impairment, if any.

5. Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies (currencies other than the recording currency) are translated into Renminbi at the applicable rate of exchange ("market exchange rate") prevailing at the date of the transaction quoted by the People's Bank of China. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Renminbi at the market exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are dealt with as finance expenses.

6. Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are held by the Company and subject to limited risk on changes in value.

7. Short-term investments (Presented as "Held-for-trading financial assets" on the balance sheet)

Short-term investments

Short-term investments represent those investments which are readily converted into cash and intended to be held for less than one year, including shares, bonds and funds etc.

Short-term investments are initially measured at costs on acquisition and stated at the lower of cost and fair value on the balance sheet date. If the fair value is lower than cost, the difference is recorded as provision against income statement. Provision for impairment of short-term investments is made on an individual item basis.

The investment gain and loss is accounted for when a short-term investment is sold or matures.

#### 8. Bad debt provision

Criteria for recognition of bad debts:

- (1) Due to bankruptcy or death of the debtors, the balance becomes irrecoverable despite pursuing statutory recovery procedures or offsetting against the estate of the administrators;
- (2) Where the debtor dies or is declared missing or dead according to law, and his property or inheritance is insufficient to pay
- (3) If the debtor is overdue for more than three years and has conclusive evidence to prove that it is unable to liquidate the
- (4) After reaching a debt restructuring agreement with the debtor or approval of the bankruptcy restructuring plan by the court, the debtor cannot be recovered.
- (5) Those that cannot be recovered due to force majeure such as natural disasters or wars.
- (6) Other conditions prescribed by the competent financial and tax authorities under the State Council.

#### 9. Inventory

Inventories include raw materials, work-in-progress, self-made semi-finished goods, finished goods, packaging materials and low value consumables, etc.. Inventories are maintained using perpetual accounting record and recorded at actual cost. Raw materials, packaging materials and finished goods are valued using weighted average method. Packaging materials amortised using the immediate write-off method.

#### 10. Long-term investments

#### (1) Long-term equity investments

Long-term equity investments are stated at cost paid upon acquisition. The cost method is used to account for long-term equity investments with less than 20% of the voting rights, or with over 20% voting rights but without significant influence over the investees' financial and operating policies. The equity method is used to account for long-term equity investments with over 20% of the voting rights, or with less than 20% of the voting rights but with significant influence over the investees' financial and operating policies.

(2) Long-term investments in bonds (Presented as "Held-for-maturity investments, Available-for-sale financial assets" on the balance sheet)

Long-term debt investments are stated at cost paid upon acquisition and interest receivable is computed in the current period.

#### 11. Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are tangible assets stated at cost upon acquisition with useful economic lives exceeding one year and relatively high unit price. These include buildings, plants and machinery equipments, motor vehicles, and other facilities held by the Company that are used in production, rendering of services, held for rental to others or held for management purposes.

Subsequent expenditures for major reconstruction, expansion, improvement and renovation are capitalised when it is probable that the future economic benefits exceeds the originally assessment of the existing asset, or the useful life of fixed assets is prolonged or the quality of products is substantively improved or the cost of products is substantively reduced as a result of

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is provided when the fixed assets are ready for their intended use and should cease when they are derecognised as fixed assets. The category of fixed assets, estimated useful lives, estimated residual values expressed as a percentage of cost and annual depreciation rates are as follows (without considering impairment):

Category of fixed assets	Estimated useful life	Estimated residual Value %	Annual rate of depreciation %
Electronic equipment	3 years	-	33.33
Office facilities and others	3 years	-	33.33

#### 12. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs, including interests, amortised premiums/discounts and exchange differences, incurred in connection with specific borrowings obtained for the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are capitalised as costs of the fixed assets when capital expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred and the activities have commenced to enable the assets to be ready for their intended use. The capitalised interests for each accounting period are determined by using the weighted average amount of accumulated expenditures incurred in that period for the acquisition or construction of fixed assets and the weighted average capitalisation rate/the related specific capitalisation rate of the borrowings. The amount of interest capitalised during a period shall not exceed the amount of interest incurred during that period. Capitalisation of borrowing costs should be suspended during periods in which the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset is interrupted abnormally, and the interruption period is more than 3 months. These costs should be recognised as expenses for the current period until the acquisition or construction is resumed. The capitalisation of borrowing costs ceases when the assets are ready for their intended use and borrowing costs incurred thereafter are expensed in the period incurred. Interests incurred in connection with other borrowings are expensed as

#### Revenue recognition

#### (1) Revenue from the sales of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer, the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and it is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the relevant revenue and costs can be measured reliably.

#### (2) Revenue from rendering of services

When the total amount of revenue and costs arising from provision of services can be estimated reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow in and the stage of completion of the services provided can be measured reliably, service revenue is recognised using the percentage of completion method.

#### 14. Accounting for income taxes

The Company accounts for enterprise income taxes using the tax payable method. Tax expense is recognised based on current period taxable income and tax rates after adjusting for items which are non-assessable or non-deductible under the relevant tax laws and regulations.

#### **IV. TAXATION**

#### 1. Main taxes and rates

Category of Taxes	Basis of taxes	Tax rates %
Value added tax (output tax)	Taxable revenue	6.00
Corporate income tax	Taxable profit	5.00

#### V. DETAILED NOTES ON MAIN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS

#### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

Category	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash in hand	27,089.00	8,089.00
Cash at bank	853,441.17	635,880.46
Total	880,530.17	643,969.46

#### 2. Prepayments

#### (1) The aging of prepayments are analysed below:

	31 December 2	31 December 2023
Anina	%	of % of
Aging	Amount to	otal Amount total
	balaı	nce balance
Within 1 year	15,308.95 100	.00 15,897.76 100.00
Total	15,308.95 100	.00 15,897.76 100.00

#### 3. Other receivables

#### (1) Other receivables by nature

Category	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other receivables	130,137.07	134,488.74
Total	130,137.07	134,488.74

		31 Decen	nber 2024		31 Decen	ber 2023
		0. 2000	% of	%		
Aging		Amount	total		Amount	tota
			balance			balance
Within 1 year				1	34,488.74	100.00
1~2 years		130,137.07	100.00		-	
Total		130,137.07	100.00	1	34,488.74	100.00
. Other current assets						
Category		31 D	ecember 202	4	31 Decen	nber 2023
Tax carry-forward			1,590.3	2		
Advance payment of income tax			62,373.1	5		
Total			63,963.4	7		
Fixed assets and accumulated depreciation						
1) Cost						
Category	31 December 2024	Incre	ease	Decrease	31 Decen	
Electronic equipment	43,385.00		-	-		43,385.00
Total	43,385.00		•			43,385.00
2) Accumulated depreciation						
Category	31 December 2024	Incre	ease	Decrease	31 Decen	nber 2024
Electronic equipment	34,699.43	8,22	4.85	-		42,924.28
Total	34,699.43	8,22	4.85	-		42,924.28
3) Net carrying value						
Category		31 December 2			31 Decen	
Electronic equipment		8,68	5.57			460.72
Total		8,68	5.57			460.72
. Salaries and employee benefits payable						
Category		31 D	ecember 202	4	31 Decen	nber 2023
Wages, bonuses, allowances and subsidie	es		421,017.8	6	7:	25,300.90
Total			421,017.8	6	7:	25,300.90
. Taxes and other fees payable						
Category		31 D	ecember 202	4	31 Decen	nber 2023
Value added tax					(	60,304.17
Urban maintenance and construction tax						2,110.64
Education add						904.56
Local education add						603.04
Corporate income tax						38,528.18
Total				-	1	02,450.59
. Paid-in capital						
Name	31 December 2024		,	31 Decembe	er 2023	
	%	Amount		%		Amoun
Sun Pharma(Netherlands) B.V.	100.00	1,000,000.00		100.00		00,000.00
Total	100.00	1,000,000.00		100.00	1,0	00,000.00

I Amounts in RMB Yuan Unless Otherwise Stated)	s in RMB Yuan Unless Otherwise Stated) [English Translation for Reference Or	
Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)		
Category	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Accumulated losses at the begin of the year	-1,024,709.96	-737,022.92
Add: Changes in accounting policies	-	-
Corrections of errors in prior periods	-0.01	
Prior year adjustments, restating opening balances	-1,024,709.97	-737,022.92
Add: Net profits / losses	694,092.49	-287,687.04
Offset by Surplus Reserves	-	-
Profit available for distribution	-330,617.48	-1,024,709.96
Less: Appropriation to statutory reserves	-	•
Appropriation to discretionary reserves	-	•
Appropriations to reserved funds	-	
Appropriation to enterprise development funds	-	
Appropriations to staff incentive and welfare funds	-	
Profit distribution to equity owners	-	•
Conversion to paid-in capital	-	4 004 700 00
Accumulated losses at the end of the year	-330,617.48	-1,024,709.96
. Revenue from operations		
Category	2024	2023
Main operations	7,718,271.63	6,252,998.10
Total	7,718,271.63	6,252,998.10
. Taxes and surcharges		
Category	2024	2023
Urban maintenance and construction tax	15,348.44	12,181.17
Education add	10,963.14	8,700.82
Stamp tax	1,654.35	923.98
Total	27,965.93	21,805.97
. General and administrative expenses		
Category	2024	2023
Travel expenses	261,575.90	196,938.97
Business entertainment expenses	82,233.88	61,458.23
Communication expenses	11,400.00	11,745.84
Office expenses	593,596.55 8,224.85	1,114,593.82
Depreciation expenses		14,252.64
Consulting fees	204,219.41	119,484.38
Office property management feet	550,119.46 61,031.58	430,791.19 48,932.85
Office property management fees	12,224.84	46,932.60 13,311.45
Water and electricity charges Employee wages	4,232,976.00	2,114,698.29
Social insurance	724,100.10	533,849.05
Service fees for outsourcing services	72,927.82	53,924.50
Audit fees	4,716.98	4,716.98
Welfare expenses	141,129.00	4,710.90
Training expenses	6,786.41	2,000.00
Legal consultation fees	0,700.41	137,334.91
Total	6,967,262.78	4,858,033.10
Finance expenses	.,,	,,
Category	2024	2023
Interest expenses	-	-
Interest income	1,382.52	603.92
Others	2,935.00	2,273.00
Total	1,552.48	1,669.08

(All Amounts in RMB Yuan Unless Otherwise Stated)

[English Translation for Reference Only]

14.	Non	-ope	rating	income
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Category	2024	2023
Refund of tax and levy	1,940.71	6,205.97
Government subsidies	9,489.50	-
Total	11,430.21	6,205.97

#### 15. Non-operating expenses

Category	2024	2023
Fine	1,626,	354.78
Total	- 1,626,8	354.78

#### 16. Income tax expenses

Category	2024	2023
Income tax expenses for the year	38,828.16	38,528.18
Total	38,828.16	38,528.18

#### **VI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As at 31 December 2024, the Company has no significant commitments that needs to be disclosed about related parties.

#### VII. COMMITMENTS

1. Significant commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Company has no commitments that needs to be disclosed except for the above.

2. Contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2024, the Company has no significant contingent liabilities that needs to be

#### **VIII. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

As at 30 April 2025, the Company has no post balance sheet event that needs to be disclosed.

Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

30 April 2025

## **TAXABLE INCOME RECONCILIATION**

2024

[English Translation for Reference Only]

Company: Sun Pharma (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Currency: RMB
Items	Amount
Accounting income for the year	732,920.65
Add: Sub total of adjustment for increase tax	43,642.52
The extra spending on business entertainment	43,642.52
Less: Sub total of adjustment for decrease tax	-
Taxable income for adjustment	776,563.17
Less: Accumulated taxable losses	
Taxable income	776,563.17

Note: The adjustments of taxable income referred to above are to be determined by the tax bureau.