INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Neetnay Real Estate Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and Notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is

- disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) No managerial remuneration has been paid by the Company during the year.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRMEE1101 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements"

Re: Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company")

- i. (a)
- (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment including Investment Property.
- (B) The Company does not hold any intangible assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (b) All Property, Plant and Equipment (including Investment Property) have been physically verified by the management during the year which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The title deeds of immovable properties included in Investment Property are held in the name of the Company, except for the Land whose gross block as on 31st March 2022 is Rs 2,30,79,43,908/- where the Company has executed a conveyance deed on 29th March, 2022 to acquire the said land from the seller "Solar Developers Private Limited" and subsequently registered the title of the land in the name of the Company on 5th May, 2022.
- (d) The Company does not follow the revaluation model for subsequent measurement of its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- (e) There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- ii. (a) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- iii. During the year the Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or, advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- iv. The Company has not made any investments or advanced any loans, provided guarantee or security to any entity covered by the provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company in respect of section 185 and section 186 of the Act, pertaining to these transactions and hence not commented upon.
- v. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- vi. The requirement to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence, we have not commented on clause 3(vi) of the Order.
- vii. (a) Undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax and Income Tax, where applicable have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) There are no dues of Goods and Services tax and Income tax where applicable which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
 - ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has applied the loans for the purpose for which loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e)/(f) The Company does not have any subsidiary company, associate company or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) and (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.

- (b) The Company has made private placement of 0% Non Cumulative Non-Convertible Preference Shares and Compulsorily Convertible debentures in compliance with provisions of sections 42 and 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent applicable in respect of such placement. The funds raised, have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
- xi. (a) No material fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
 - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act, has been filed in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) As represented to us by management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiii. The transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the Ind AS financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting on clause 3(xiii) in so far as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon by us.
- xiv. (a)/(b) The Company is not required to have an internal audit system under the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xv. The Company has not entered any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors as covered by section 192 of the Act and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- xvi. (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - (d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
 - xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of Balance Sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the Balance Sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
 - xx. (a)/(b) Provisions of section 135 is not applicable to the Company as per the provisions of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **S R B C & CO LLP** Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRMEE1101 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statements of Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements of Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For S R B C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRMEE1101 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

Amount ₹				
Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,133,298	1,324,478	
(b) Capital work-in-progress	4	121,655,981	-	
(c) Investment property	5	5,353,003,908	3,045,060,000	
(d) Income tax assets	6	2,209,614	1,319,765	
(e) Other financial assets	7	1,322,988	1,268,430	
(f) Deferred tax assets	21	12,756	604	
Total non-current assets		5,479,338,545	3,048,973,277	
Current assets				
(a) Financial assets				
(i) Investments	8	48,010,061	-	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	293,621	1,299,448	
(iii) Other financial assets	10	28,893,201	27,692,689	
Total current assets		77,196,883	28,992,137	
TOTAL ASSETS		5,556,535,428	3,077,965,414	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	11	100,000	100,000	
(b) Other equity	12	5,235,056,093	2,923,413,627	
Total equity		5,235,156,093	2,923,513,627	
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	13	151,394,015	1,047,219	
(ii) Other financial liabilities	14	150,000,000	150,000,000	
Total non-current liabilities	14	301,394,015	151,047,219	
Total Hon-current Habilities		301,354,013	131,047,219	
Current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
Trade payables				
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise		-	-	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small	23	3,937,686	3,370,167	
enterprise		3,321,322	3,3.3,20.	
(b) Other current liabilities	15	16,047,634	34,401	
Total current liabilities		19,985,320	3,404,568	
TOTAL MADINITIES		224 222 252		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	321,379,335	154,451,787	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,556,535,428	3,077,965,414	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Amount ₹

			Year ended	Year ended
Par	ticulars	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
			, .	,
(I)	Income			
	Revenue from operations	16	1,560,000	1,560,000
	Other income	17	69,216	320,576
(11)	Total income		1,629,216	1,880,576
(III)	Expenses			
	Finance costs	18	125,046	78,050
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	191,180	191,180
	Other expenses	19	281,922	186,773
(IV)	Total expenses		598,148	456,003
(V)	Profit before tax (II - IV)		1,031,068	1,424,573
(VI)	Tax expenses			
	Current tax	20	292,736	362,689
	Deferred tax	20	(12,152)	(10,969)
(VII)	Total tax expenses		280,584	351,720
(VIII)	Profit for the year (V - VII)		750,484	1,072,853
(IX)	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	750,484	1,072,853
	Earnings per equity share (face value per equity share - ₹ 10)	22	,	. ,
	Basic (in ₹)		75.05	107.29
	Diluted (in ₹)		1.41	3.57

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 26, 2022

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Amount ₹

Particulars	Equity share	Othe	Other equity Reserve and surplus	
	capital	Reserve a		
		Compulsorily convertible debentures	Retained earnings (surplus in profit and loss)	
Balance as at April 01, 2020	100,000	2,905,000,000	17,340,774	2,922,440,774
Profit for the year	-	-	1,072,853	1,072,853
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,072,853	1,072,853
Balance as at March 31, 2021	100,000	2,905,000,000	18,413,627	2,923,513,627
Profit for the year Addition during the year	-	- 2,310,000,000	750,484	750,484 2,310,000,000
Issue of 0% Non cumulative - non convertible preference		2,310,000,000	891,982	891,982
shares Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,310,000,000	1,642,466	2,311,642,466
Balance as at March 31, 2022	100,000	5,215,000,000	20,056,093	5,235,156,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Amount ₹

		Amount ₹
PARTICULARS	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
A) Cash flow from operating activities	17101 51, 2022	111011 31, 2021
Net profit before tax	1,031,068	1,424,573
Adjustments for:	,	, ,
Depreciation and amortisation expense	191,180	191,180
Interest income	(59,155)	(320,576)
Gain arising on financial assets measured at fair value through	(10,061)	· · · · · · -
profit or loss	, , ,	
Finance cost	125,046	78,050
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,278,078	1,373,227
Movement in working capital:		
(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	(1,255,070)	(3,297,559)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	567,519	(1,309,747)
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	16,013,233	5,357
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	16,603,760	(3,228,722)
Income tax paid (net of refund)	(1,182,585)	2,228,874
Net Cash generated from / (used in) operating activities (A)	15,421,175	(999,848)
B) Cash flow from investing activities		
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,429,599,888)	-
Purchase of investment	(48,000,000)	-
Interest received	59,155	320,576
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(2,477,540,733)	320,576
C) Cash flow from financing activities		
Issue of compulsorily convertible debentures	2,310,000,000	-
Issue of 0% non cumulative - non convertible preference shares	1,155,000	-
Proceeds from borrowing	150,000,000	-
Finance cost	(41,269)	(478)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities (C)	2,461,113,731	(478)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,005,827)	(679,750)
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,299,448	1,979,198
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year	293,621	1,299,448

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of: (refer note 7) Amo				
Particulars	As at	As at		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Cash on hand	280	-		
Balances with banks - in current account	293,341	1,299,448		
	293,621	1,299,448		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 26, 2022

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

1. General Information

Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India, having it's registered office at Acme Plaza, Andheri-Kurla Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 059. The Company is a 100% subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited

The Financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 26, 2022.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

A. Current vs Non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

B. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Compound financial instruments

The component parts of compound financial instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

C. Revenue

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

D. Income tax

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

E. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

F. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

G. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

H. Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated in balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalisation criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Subsequent expenditures are capitalised only when they increase the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which they relate. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised in profit or loss.

Items of property, plant and equipment acquired through exchange of non-monetary assets are measured at fair value, unless the exchange transaction lacks commercial substance or the fair value of either the asset received or asset given up is not reliably measurable, in which case the acquired asset is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

Depreciation is recognised on the cost of assets (other than freehold land and Capital work-in-progress) less their residual values on straight-line method over their useful lives as indicated in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The estimated useful lives of building improvements is estimated at 10 years

I. Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in statement of profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

J. Leases

Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

2.3 Recent Accounting pronouncements:

Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2022.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Amount ₹

Particulars	Building	Total
At cost / deemed cost		
As at April 1, 2020	1,911,695	1,911,69
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	1,911,695	1,911,69
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	1,911,695	1,911,6
Accumulated depreciation		
As at April 1, 2020	396,037	396,03
Depreciation expense	191,180	191,1
As at March 31, 2021	587,217	587,2
Depreciation expense	191,180	191,1
As at March 31, 2022	778,397	778,3
Carrying amount		
As at March 31, 2021	1,324,478	1,324,4
As at March 31, 2022	1,133,298	1,133,2

A Details of Canital work-in-progress

Attions of Capital Work-III-progress:				Amount	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at
rai ticulai 3					March 31, 2022
Aging of capital work-in-progress					
Projects in progress	121,655,981	-	-	-	121,655,981
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	121,655,981	•	-	-	121,655,981

Amount ₹

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at March 31, 2021
Aging of capital work-in-progress Projects in progress Projects temporarily suspended	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-

					Amount ₹
		To be completed in			
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at
ratticulars					March 31, 2022
Overdue Capital work-in-progress					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-

Amount₹					
		To be completed in			
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at
Falticulars					March 31, 2021
Overdue Capital work-in-progress					
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTY Amount ₹

	Particulars	As at	As at
	rai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Investment in property (valued at cost)		
Α	Property at Goregaon "Sun House", Mumbai	3,045,060,000	3,045,060,000
В	Free hold land "bearing CST 271 and 272" at Gundavali, Andheri, Mumbai	2,307,943,908	-
		5,353,003,908	3,045,060,000

A Property at Goregaon "Sun House", Mumbai

(i) Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for investment property in "Sun House":

		Amount <
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Usage charges for club house	1,560,000	1,560,000
	1,560,000	1,560,000

(ii) Fair value of investment property at Goregaon "Sun House", Mumbai as on March 31, 2022 is ₹ 3,251,700,000 (March 31, 2021 ₹ 3,251,700,000).

Estimation of fair value:

The Company obtains independent valuation of its investment property at least annually.

The fair value of investment property has been determined by, an accredited independent valuer who is a specialist in valuing these types of investment properties. The inputs used are ready recknor rates specified by local authority for the purpose of fair value. All resulting fair value estimates for investment property is included in level 3.

- (iii) The Company had purchased property [Sun House, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400 063] for a total consideration of ₹ 3,045,060,000 (including stamp duty and registration charges) in 2014 and thus got the ownership rights to both the Land and Building of "Sun House" located at Goregaon East, paid to the seller is shown as 'Investment property' in the books.
- (iv) To fund this acquisition, the Company issued 0% percent Compulsory Convertible Debentures and Non-Cumulative ("CCDs-series 1"), Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference shares ("NCRPS- series 1") to Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited (SPIL) and Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited (SPIL). 61% of these instruments are subscribed by SPIL and balance 39% by SPIL.
- (v) By virtue of the joint holding of 290,500 Non-Cumulative, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("NCRPS- series 1") of ₹ 10 each jointly with 290,500 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,000 each, the holders (SPIL and SPLL), got the exclusive right of usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights of 20,979.06 square meters in the immovable property of the Company situated at "Sun House", Plot No. 201, B/1, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400 063. Both SPIL and SPLL have made the payment to access exclusive right to occupy, enjoy and use the Building. The ownership of the Land remains with the Company. SPIL and SPLL do not have any right, title or interest in the underlying Land of the aforesaid property. Thus, SPIL and SPLL are having exclusive rights over building and accordingly the Company does not have any rights thereon.
- (vi) Each Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10000/- shall, subject to the provisions of law, be compulsorily convertible into Class B Equity Shares of the Company. 290,500 Class B Equity shares shall be issued to holders (SPIL and SPLL) upon conversion of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures, the occupancy rights in the above property shall be enjoyed by the Class B Equity Shares without any interruption, change or modification. The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

NEFTNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

B Free hold land "bearing CST 271 and 272" at Gundavali, Andheri, Mumbai

- (i) There is no amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss during current year.
- (ii) Fair value of investment in free hold land "bearing CST 271 and 272" at Gundavali, Andheri, Mumbai as on March 31, 2022 is ₹2,307,000,000 (March 31, 2021 Nil).

Estimation of fair value:

The Company obtains independent valuation of its investment property at least annually.

The fair value of investment property has been determined by, an accredited independent valuer who is a specialist in valuing these types of investment properties. The inputs used are ready recknor rates specified by local authority for the purpose of fair value. All resulting fair value estimates for investment property is included in level 3.

- (iii) The Company has purchased free hold land situated at CTS Nos. 271 and 272, Village Gundawali, Taluka Andheri, Mumbai- 400 093 for a total consideration of ₹ 2,307,943,908 during the year 2021-22 and thus got the ownership rights of Land to construct the commercial building, the amount paid to the seller is shown as 'Investment property' in the books.
- (iv) To fund this acquisition, the Company issued 0% percent Compulsory Convertible Debentures (CCDs- series 2") and Non-Cumulative, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference shares ("NCRPS- series 2") to Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited (SPIL) and Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited (SPLL). 61% of these instruments are subscribed by SPLL and balance 39% by SPIL.
- (v) By virtue of the joint holding of 115,500 Non-Cumulative, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("NCRPS- series 2") of ₹ 10 each jointly with 231,000- 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCDs-series-2) of ₹ 10,000 each, the holders (SPIL and SPLL), got the exclusive right of usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights of 5598.7 square meters in the immovable property of the Company (free hold land is situated at CTS Nos. 271 and 272, Village Gundawali, Taluka Andheri, Mumbai- 400 093. Both SPIL and SPLL have made the payment to access exclusive right to occupy, enjoy and use the immovable property. The ownership of the immovable property remains with the Company. SPIL and SPLL do not have any right, title or interest in the underlying Land of the aforesaid property. Thus, SPIL and SPLL are having exclusive rights over immovable property and accordingly the Company does not have any rights thereon.
- (vi) Each Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10000/- shall, subject to the provisions of law, be compulsorily convertible into Class C Equity Shares of the Company. 231,000 Class C Equity shares shall be issued to holders (SPIL and SPLL) upon conversion of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures, the occupancy rights in the above property shall be enjoyed by the Class C Equity Shares without any interruption, change or modification. The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

6. INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Advance tax [Net of provision for tax ₹ 1,545,973 (March 31, 2021 ₹ 1,253,237)]	2,209,614	1,319,765
	2,209,614	1,319,765

7. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - NON CURRENT

Particulars

Unsecured, considered good
Security deposit

Security deposit

As at March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

1,322,988 1,268,430
1,326,8430

8. INVESTMENTS (CURRENT)

	As	at	As	at
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Quantity	₹ in Million	Quantity	₹ in Million
Investments in mutual funds				
Unquoted (Fair value through profit or loss) *				
Baroda BNP Paribas Liquid Fund –Direct Growth	19,572,501	48,010,061	-	-
		48,010,061		•

^{*} Investments in mutual funds have been fair valued at closing net asset value (NAV).

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Amount ₹

5. G. G. C.		7
Particulars	As at	As at
r ai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Cash on hand	280	-
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	293,341	1,299,448
	293,621	1,299,448

10. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Unsecured, considered good Other receivable from related parties (refer note 28)	28,893,201	27,692,689
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 20)	28,893,201	27,692,689

11. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
Fatticulars				
	Number of shares	(₹)	Number of shares	(₹)
Authorised share capital				
Class "A" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Class "B" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	500,000	5,000,000	500,000	5,000,000
Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	500,000	5,000,000	500,000	5,000,000
	1,010,000	10,100,000	1,010,000	10,100,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Class "A" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period

Particulars	As at		As at	
	March 3	31, 2022	March 3	1, 2021
	Number of shares	(₹)	Number of shares	(₹)
Opening balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Add: issued during the year	-	-	-	
Closing balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company and shares held by promoter

Particulars		As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%	
Equity shares					
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%	

(c) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

Rights, preference and restrictions attached to equity shares: The class "A" equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹10 per share, rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement to dividend.

No equity share have been issued as bonus or shares issued for consideration other than cash or bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

The class 'B' equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, entitled to usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights in the investment property carry 1/10th voting rights. The equity shareholders are entitled to bonus and / or right shares of the same class of shares as and when issued.

The class 'C' equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, entitled to usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights in the investment property carry 1/10th voting rights. The equity shareholders are entitled to bonus and / or right shares of the same class of shares as and when issued.

(d) Terms/ rights attached to preference shares

The non-Cumulative - non Convertible preference shares are treated as non current borrowings and not as other equity. The preference shares carry 0% interest and are compulsorily redeemable after a period of 20 years, hence its true nature is that of borrowing and not that of equity. As per relevant Ind AS the fair value of such preference shares are accounted in the books and deemed interest on the same is accounted.

12. OTHER EQUITY Amount ₹

Particulars	As at	As at
1 111 1	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Reserves and surplus		
Retained earnings		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	18,413,627	17,340,774
Issue of 0% non cumulative - non convertible preference shares	891,982	-
Profit for the year	750,484	1,072,853
Balance as at the end of the year	20,056,093	18,413,627
Compulsorily convertible debentures	5,215,000,000	2,905,000,000
	5,235,056,093	2,923,413,627

Refer statement of changes in equity for detailed movement in other equity balance.

13. BORROWINGS (NON CURRENT)			
	Particulars	As at	As at
	Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021

Unsecured
Borrowings from related party (refer note 28 and 29)
Non cumulative - non convertible preference shares of ₹ 10 each (refer note 28)

150,000,000
150,000,000
1,047,219
151,394,015
1,047,219

14. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (NON CURRENT)

Asat
Asat
Asat

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Security deposit (refer note 28)	150,000,000	150,000,000
	150,000,000	150,000,000

15. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars

As at
As at
As at
March 21, 2022

March 21, 2021

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Statutory remittances	16,047,634	34,401
	16,047,634	34,401

16.	16. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS				
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	raticulats	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
	Usage charges for club house	1,560,000	1,560,000		
		1,560,000	1,560,000		

17. OTHER INCOME Amount ₹

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
ratificials	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest income on :		
Interest on income tax refund	-	193,099
Interest on others	59,155	127,477
Gain arising on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	10,061	-
	69,216	320,576

 18. FINANCE COSTS
 Amount ₹

 Particulars
 Year ended March 31, 2022
 Year ended March 31, 2021

 Interest expense for financial liabilities carried at amortised cost Others
 41,269

 Others
 83,777
 78,050

 125,046
 78,050

19. OTHER EXPENSES Amount ₹

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Rates and taxes	11,94	6,240
Legal and professional fees	17,65	26,081
Power and fuel	160,11	64,112
Payment to auditors (net of input credit, wherever applicable)	90,34	90,340
Miscellaneous expenses	1,87	7
	281.92	186.773

20. TAX RECONCILIATION Amount ₹

OF TAX RECONCILIATION		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
1 difficulty	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Reconciliation of current tax expense		
Profit before tax	1,031,068	1,424,573
Enacted income tax rate (%) *	25.168%	25.168%
Income tax calculated at income tax rate	259,499	358,537
Effect of expenses that are not deductible	21,085	19,644
(Excess) / Short provision of previous years	-	(26,461)
	280,584	351,720
Total tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	280,584	351,720

^{*} The tax rate used for reconciliation above is the corporate tax rate of 25.168.% (March 31, 2021: 25.168%) at which the company is liable to pay tax on taxable income under the Indian Tax Law.

21. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS: Amount ₹

	Opening balance	Profit/(loss)	Other	Closing balance as
	as at April 1, 2021	movement during	comprehensive	at March 31, 2022
Particulars	(Deferred tax	the year	income movement	(Deferred tax
	asset)		during the year	asset)
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and	604	14,684	-	15,288
income tax				
Difference in carrying value and tax base of financial assets of investments	-	(2,532)	-	(2,532)
	604	12,152	-	12,756

22. EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE: Amount ₹

22.	EARININGS FER EQUITI SHARE.		Amount
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	rai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Profit for the year attributable to the equity share holders ₹	750,484	1,072,853
	Number of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	10,000	10,000
	Add: Dilution effect of Class B & Class C equity shares	521,500	290,500
	Weighted average number of shares used in computing diluted earnings per share	531,500	300,500
	Earnings per equity share - Basic ₹	75.05	107.29
	Earnings per equity share - Diluted ₹	1.41	3.57

23.

a) DISCLOSURES UNDER THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006

The information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The company has not received any memorandum (as required to be filed by the suppliers with notified authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006) from vendor claiming the status as micro or small enterprise, hence no disclosures have been made.

b) Trade payable ageing Amount ₹

Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at March 31, 2022
Outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	3,937,686	-	-	-	-	3,937,686
Disputed dues of micro and samll enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3,937,686	-	•	-	-	3,937,686
		•				

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Amount ₹

Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at
Falticulais						March 31, 2021
Outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	3,370,167	-	-	-	-	3,370,167
Disputed dues of micro and samll enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3,370,167	-	-	-	-	3,370,167

24. CONTINGENT COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Amount ₹

Particular	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)	80,031,640.00	•

25.

a) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Amount ₹

a) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUVIENTS AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY			Amount
	As at March 31, 2022		
	Fair value through	Fair value through	Amortised cost
Particulars	profit or loss	other	
		comprehensive	
		income	
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	293,621
Security deposit			1,322,988
Other financial assets	-	-	28,893,201
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	-	-	151,394,015
Trade payables	-	-	3,937,686
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000

Amount ₹

		As at March 31, 2021		
	Fair value thro	gh Fair value through	Amortised cost	
Particulars	profit or loss	other		
		comprehensive		
		income		
Financial assets				
Investments - mutual fund - unquoted	48,010,0	- 61	-	
Cash and cash equivalents		-	1,299,448	
Security deposit		-	1,268,430	
Other financial assets		-	27,692,689	
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings		-	1,047,219	
Trade payables		-	3,370,167	
Other financial liabilities		-	150,000,000	

b) Fair Value Hierarchy

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at the end reporting period				
Financial assets	-	-	-	
Mutual fund	48,010,061		=	

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The investments included in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using the cost approach to arrive at their fair value. The cost of unquoted investments approximates the fair value because there is wide range of possible fair value measurements and the costs represents estimate of fair value within that range.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the periods.

The management considers that the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost approximates their fair value.

26. RATIO

Particular	Remarks	Year ended	Year ended	Variation
i di dedidi		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
a) Current ratio = (current assets) / (current liabilities)	Changes due to increase in current	3.86	8.52	(54.6%)
b) Debt equity ratio = (long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings and lease liabilities) / Total equity	liabilities Changes due to increase in borrowings	0.03	0.00	7973.22%
 c) Debt service coverage ratio = {profit/(loss) after tax but before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation and exceptional items} / (finance costs + short-term borrowings + short term Lease liabilities) 	Changes due to decrease in profit	8.53	17.20	(50.4%)
d) Return on equity ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / equity share capital	Changes due to decrease in profit	750.48%	1072.85%	(30.0%)
 e) Inventory turnover ratio = (cost of materials consumed + purchase of stock-in-trade + changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress) / average inventory 		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
f) Trade receivables turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade receivables * no. of days) / revenue from contracts with customers		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
g) Trade payable turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade payable * no. of days) / purchases during the year		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
h) Net capital turnover ratio = revenue from contracts with customers / (current assets - current liabilities)	Changes due to increase current assets	0.03	0.06	(55.3%)
i) Net profit ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / total revenue from operations	Changes due to decrease in profit	48.11%	68.77%	(30.0%)
 j) Return on capital employed (%) = net profit / (loss) after tax / (total assets - total liabilities - intangible assets intangible assets under development - goodwill + long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings + lease liabilities) 	-	0.01%	0.04%	(62.0%)
k) Return on investment (%) = income generated from FVTPL investment / weighted average FVTPL investment		Not applicable	Not applicable	-

27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Credit risk

Investments

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by generally investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have a good credit rating. The Company does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counter-parties, and does not have any significant concentration of exposures to specific industry sectors or specific country risks.

Market risk

The Company does not have any market risk such as foreign exchange risk.

Liquidity risl

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

 $The \ table \ below \ provides \ details \ regarding \ the \ contractual \ maturities \ of \ significant \ undiscounted \ financial \ liabilities:$

Amount ₹

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	More than 3 years	As at
				March 31, 2022
Borrowings	-	-	151,394,015	151,394,015
Trade Payable	3,937,686	-	-	3,937,686
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000	150,000,000
	3,937,686	-	301,394,015	305,331,701

Amount ₹

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	More than 3 years	As at
				March 31, 2021
Borrowings	-	-	1,047,219	1,047,219
Trade Payable	3,370,167	-	-	3,370,167
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000	150,000,000
	3.370.167		151.047.219	154.417.386

Interest rate risk

The Company has loan facilities on floating interest rate, which exposes the Company to risk of changes in interest rates. For the year ended March 31, 2022, every 50 basis point decrease in the floating interest rate component applicable to its loans and borrowings would decrease the Company's profit by approximatedly ₹ 750,000. A 50 basis point increase in floating interest rate would have led to an equal but opposite effect.

28. As required by Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosure' is given in Annexure - "A"

NEFTNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

29. Unsecured loan from related party of ₹ 150,000,000 (March 31, 2021: Nil). The loan is repayable by March 15, 2025. The loan shall carry interest at one (1) year G.Sec Yield plus a spread of 50 bps p.a. The Interest shall be reset on every 1st of April basis G-Sec Yield prevailing on 31st March of preceding financial year.

30. OTHER MATTERS

- a) No proceeding have been initiated or pending against the Company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the Rules made thereunder.
- b) The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- c) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- d) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs either severally or jointly with any other person.
- e) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- f) No funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- g) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- h) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.
- i) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- **31.** Previous year's figure has been regrouped and reclassified, wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no.: 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 24 'Related party disclosures':

(A) Name of related parties and description of relationship:

(i) Holding Company:

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited

(ii) Fellow subsidiary

Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited

(iii) Key management personnel

NameDesignationMr. Chandrakant K. AgrawalDirectorMr. Rakeshchandra J. SinhaDirectorMr. Sanjay JerryDirector

(w.e.f. October 30,2020 appointed as a additional Director

w.e.f. September 30,2021 change the desinagtion from additional Director to Director)

Mr. Mangesh R. Tahmane (upto October 31, 2020) Director

(B) Summary of the transactions with related parties as per Ind AS 24

Amount ₹

Sr. No.	Particulars	Fellow su	ubsidiary	Holding Company	
		Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	Lease Income	780,000	780,000	780,000	780,000
2	Reimbursement of expense	30,099,930	24,538,526	19,244,217	15,688,566
3	Loan taken	150,000,000	-	-	=
4	Interest on loan taken	41,268	-	-	-
5	Issue of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures-Series 2	1,409,100,000	-	900,900,000	-
6	Issue of 0% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable	704,550	-	450,450	-
l	Preference Shares – Series 2				

(C) Outstanding balance with related parties as per Ind AS 24

Amount ₹

Sr. No.	Particulars	Fellow su	ubsidiary	Holding Company	
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	Other receivable	20,132,057	16,797,694	8,761,144	10,894,995
2	Loan taken	150,000,000	-	-	-
3	Security deposit received	87,500,000	87,500,000	62,500,000	62,500,000

(D) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis. Outstanding trade balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.