### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and Notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its loss including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

# Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policie s; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of

accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) No managerial remuneration has been paid by the Company during the year.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, and read with note 20 to the IND AS financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, and read with note 20 to the IND AS financial statements, no funds have have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - c) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

# For S R B C & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

# per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRNMF5844 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements"

Re: Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited ("the Company")

- i.(a) (A) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(A) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (B) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company does not hold any intangible asset. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) The Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (c)/(d) There is no immovable property held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(c) and 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (e) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- ii. (a) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- iii. During the year the Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or, advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. The Company has not made any investments or advanced any loans, provided guarantees or security to any entity covered by the provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Act. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company in respect of section 185 and section 186 of the Act, pertaining to these transactions and hence not commented upon.

- v. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- vi. The Company has not undertaken any operations during the year and accordingly, the requirement to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence, we have not commented on clause 3(vi) of the Order.
- vii. (a) Undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax and Income Tax, where applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) There are no dues of Goods and Services Tax and Income Tax, where applicable, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
  - ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
    - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
    - (c) The Company has applied the loans for the purpose for which loans were obtained.
    - (d) On an overall examination of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
    - (e)/(f) The Company does not have any subsidiary company, associate company or a joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments). Hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.

- xi. (a) No material fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
  - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act, has been filed in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) As represented to us by management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiii. The Company has not undertaken any transaction with its related parties within the provisions of section 188 of the Act. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting on clause 3(xiii) of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon by us.
- xiv. (a)/(b) The Company is not required to have an internal audit system under the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xiv)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xv. The Company has not entered any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors as covered by section 192 of the Act and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not reported upon.
- xvi. (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 54,173/- in the current year and Rs. 51,894/- in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, considering the Company's accumulated losses exceeds the shareholder's funds by INR 2,25,489/-, based on continuing operational and financial support from the Holding Company, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of Balance Sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the Balance Sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a)/(b) The provisions of section 135 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

# For **S R B C & CO LLP** Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

# per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRNMF5844 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report Of Even Date On The Ind AS Financial Statements Of Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements of Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to these Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

# For SRBC&COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJRNMF5844 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 26, 2022

			Amount ₹	
Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	
raiticulais	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Financial assets				
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	3	20,861	10,105	
Total current assets		20,861	10,105	
TOTAL ASSETS		20,861	10,105	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	4	100,000	100,000	
(b) Other equity	5	(325,489)	(271,316)	
Total equity		(225,489)	(171,316)	
LIABILITIES				
Non current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	6	195,077	145,077	
(ii) Other financial liabilities	7	10,250	-	
Total non current liabilities		205,327	145,077	
Current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(ii) Trade payables				
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		-	-	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small	13	39,884	36,344	
enterprises				
(b) Other current liabilities	8	1,139	-	
Total current liabilities		41,023	36,344	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		246,350	181,421	
		2.0,000		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		20,861	10,105	
			·	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Sanjay Jerry Additional Director DIN: 06834466 Mumbai, May 26, 2022

# CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Amount ₹

	Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
(1)	Income Other income		-	-
(11)	Total income		-	-
(111)	Expenses Finance costs Other expenses	9 10	11,389 42,784	9,346 42,548
(IV)	Total expenses		54,173	51,894
(V)	Loss before tax (II - IV)		(54,173)	(51,894)
(VI)	Tax expenses	11	-	-
(VII)	Loss for the year (V - VI)		(54,173)	(51,894)
(VIII)	Other comprehensive income		-	-
(IX)	Total comprehensive loss for the year		(54,173)	(51,894)
_	Loss per equity share (face value per equity share ₹10) Basic and Diluted (in ₹)	12	(5.42)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Sanjay Jerry Additional Director DIN: 06834466

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

# CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Amount ₹

Particulars	Equity share	Other equity	Total
	capital	Reserve and surplus	
	- Capital	Retained earnings	
Balance as at April 1, 2020	100,000	(219,422)	(119,422)
Loss for the year	-	(51,894)	(51,894)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(51,894)	(51,894)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	100,000	(271,316)	(171,316)
Loss for the year	-	(54,173)	(54,173)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	=
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(54,173)	(54,173)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	100,000	(325,489)	(225,489)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership no. : 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Sanjay Jerry

Additional Director DIN: 06834466

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Particulars	Year e	nded	Year ended		
Particulars	March 3	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
A) Cash flow from operating activities					
Loss before tax	(54,173)		(51,894)		
Adjustment for:					
Finance cost	11,389		9,346		
Operating loss before working capital changes	(42,784)		(42,548)		
Movement in working capital :					
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	3,540		(15,926)		
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities	-		(5,000)		
Cash used in operations	(39,244)		(63,474)		
Income tax paid (net of refund)	-		-		
Net cash used in operating activities (A)		(39,244)		(63,474	
B) Cash flow from investing activities (B)		-		-	
C) Cash flow from financing activities					
Proceeds from borrowings	50,000		187,700		
Repayment of borrowings	-		(117,690)		
Finance cost	-		(9,269)		
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)		50,000		60,741	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		10,756		(2,733	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		10,105		12,838	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		20,861		10,105	

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of: (refer note 3)		
Particulars	As at	As at
rai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	
Cash on hand	780	780
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	20,081	9,325
	20,861	10,105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

per Amit Singh

Partner Membership no.: 408869

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Sanjay Jerry **Additional Director** 

DIN: 06834466 Mumbai, May 26, 2022

# CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### 1. General Information

Caraco Pharmaceuticals Private Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India, having it's registered office at FP 145 Ram Mandir Road Vile Parle East Mumbai – 400057, Maharashtra. The Company is a 100% subsidiary of Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited.

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 26, 2022.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021.

#### 2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### A. Current vs Non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

# CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### **B.** Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### C. Income tax

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

### D. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

#### E. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### F. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

#### G. Borrowings costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

### 2.3 Recent Accounting pronouncements:

Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2022.

#### NOTE:3

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		Amount ₹	
Particulars As at A			
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Cash on hand	780	780	
Balances with banks			
In current accounts	20,081	9,325	
	20,861	10,105	

NOTE: 4

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL				Amount ₹
Particulars	As	As at		at
	March	31, 2022	March 3	31, 2021
	Number of shares	(₹)	Number of shares	(₹)
Authorised share capital				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000
	50,000	500,000	50,000	500,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(a) Neconclination of the number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period				
Particulars	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	(₹)	Number of shares	(₹)
Reconciliation of fully paid equity shares				
Opening balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of capital in the Company / Shares held by Holding Company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As March :	at 31, 2021
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%
In Equity Shares				
Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

- (c) Rights, preference and restrictions attached to equity shares: The equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement to dividend.
- (d) No equity shares have been issued as bonus or shares issued for consideration other than cash or bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

#### NOTE:5

Other equity		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Reserves and surplus		
Retained earnings		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	(271,310	(219,422)
Loss for the year	(54,173	(51,894)
	(325.489	(271 316)

Refer statement of changes in equity for detailed movement in other equity balance.

NOTE: 6

BORROWINGS (NON CURRENT)		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Unsecured		
Loan from related parties (refer note 18 and 19)	195,077	145,077
	195,077	145,077

NOTE: 7

OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (NON CURRENT)		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest accured (refer note 18)	10,250	-
	10,250	-

NOTE:8

OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Statutory remittances	1,139	-
	1,139	-

NOTE:9

INANCE COSTS Amount ₹				
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Interest expense for financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	11,389	9,346		
	11.389	9.346		

NOTE: 10

THER EXPENSES Amount ₹				
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Rates and taxes	2,500	2,500		
Professional, legal and consultancy	22,584	1 22,348		
Payment to auditors (net of input credit, wherever applicable)	17,700	17,700		
	42.784	42.548		

#### CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### NOTE: 11

TAX RECONCILIATION Amount ₹ Year ended Year ended **Particulars** March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 Reconciliation of tax expense Loss before tax (51,894) (54,173) Enacted income tax rate (%) \* 25.168% (13,634) Income tax calculated at income tax rate (13,061)Effect of expenses that are not deductible 13,634 13,061

Total tax expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

The tax rate used for reconciliation above is the corporate tax rate of 25.168.% (March 31, 2021: 25.168%) at which the company is liable to pay tax on taxable income under the Indian Tax Law

# NOTE : 12 EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loss for the year attributable to the equity share holders ₹	(54,173)	(51,894)
Number of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	10,000	10,000
Loss per equity share - Basic and Diluted ₹	(5.42)	(5.19)

#### **NOTE: 13**

#### a) DISCLOSURES UNDER THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006

The information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The company has not received any memorandum (as required to be filed by the suppliers with notified authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006) from vendor claiming the status as micro or small enterprise, hence no disclosures have been made.

u,	Trade payable ageing						Amount
		Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at March 31, 2022
	Outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	39,884	=	-	-	-	39,884
	Disputed dues of micro and samll enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	39,884	-	-	-	-	39,884
		39,004	•	-	-	-	33,004

	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at
						March 31, 2021
Outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	36,344	-	-	-	-	36,344
Disputed dues of micro and samll enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	36,344	-	-	-	-	36,344

#### NOTE: 14

#### CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		
	Fair value through	Fair value through	Amortised cost
	profit or loss	other comprehensive	
		income	
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	20,861
Financial liabilities			
Borrowing	-	-	195,077
Interest accured on borrowings	-	-	10,250
Trade payables	-	-	39,884

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		
	Fair value through	Fair value through	Amortised cost
	profit or loss	other comprehensive income	
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	10,105
Financial liabilities			
Borrowing	-	-	145,077
Trade payables	-	-	36,344

#### CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### NOTE: 15

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Commensurate with the size of the Company, its risk management assessment, policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

#### Market risk

The Company does not have any market risk such as foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

 $The \ table \ below \ provides \ details \ regarding \ the \ contractual \ maturities \ of \ significant \ undiscounted \ financial \ liabilities:$ 

Amount ₹

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	More than 3 years	As at
				March 31, 2022
Borrowing	-	195,077	-	195,077
Trade payables	39,884	-	-	39,884
Other financial liabilities	-	10,250	-	10,250
	39,884	205,327		245,211

 Amount ₹

 Particulars
 Less than 1 year
 1 - 3 years
 More than 3 years
 As at March 31, 2021

 Borrowing
 - 145,077.0
 - 145,077
 - 145,077
 - 36,344
 - - 36,344
 - - 36,344
 - 36,344
 - 145,077
 - 38,344
 - - 36,344
 - - 36,344
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#### NOTE: 16

As on March 31, 2022, the Company's accumulated loss of ₹ 325,489 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ 271,316) exceeds the shareholders' funds. As the Company is continuing operational and financial support from its holding company and management expects profitable business in future, these financial statements have been prepared on the 'going concern' assumption.

#### NOTE: 17

RATIO

KATIO	Remarks	Year ended	Year ended	Variation
Particular		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
(a) Current ratio = (current assets) / (current liabilities)	Change due to increase	0.51	0.28	82.91%
	in current liabilities			
(b) Debt equity ratio = (long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings and lease liabilities) / Total equity		(0.87)	(0.85)	2.16%
(c) Debt service coverage ratio = {profit/(loss) after tax but before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation and exceptiona items} / (finance costs + short-term borrowings + short term Lease liabilities)		(3.76)	(4.55)	(17.5%)
(d) Return on equity ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / equity share capital		(54.17%)	(51.89%)	4.39%
(e) Inventory turnover ratio = (cost of materials consumed + purchase of stock-in-trade + changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress) / average inventory		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade receivables * no. of days) / revenue from contracts with customers		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
(g) Trade payable turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade payable * no. of days) / purchases during the year		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
(h) Net capital turnover ratio = revenue from contracts with customers / (current assets - current liabilities)		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
(i) Net profit ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / total revenue from operations		Not applicable	Not applicable	-
(j) Return on capital employed (%) = net profit / (loss) after tax / (total assets - total liabilities - intangible assets - intangible assets under development - goodwill + long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings + lease liabilities)		178.13%	197.77%	(9.9%)
(k) Return on investment (%) = income generated from FVTPL investment / weighted average FVTPL investment		Not appicable	Not appicable	-

### NOTE : 18

#### DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO IND AS 24 'RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES':

(A) Name of related parties and description of relationship:

#### (i) Holding Company:

Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited

#### 

Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited

(iii) Key management personnel

Mr. Chandrakant K. Agrawal Mr. Sunil R. Ajmera (upto January 28, 2022) Mr. Ashok I. Bhuta Mr. Sanjay Jerry (w.e.f. January 28, 2022) **Designation** 

Director Director Director Additional Director

(B) Summary of the transaction with related parties as per Ind AS 24		Amount ₹
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loan taken from :		
Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited		- 42,700
Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited	50,0	145,000
Loan repaid to:		
Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited		117,690
Interest on loan taken from		
Faststone Mercantile Company Private Limited		9,269
Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited	11.3	289 77

(C) Outstanding balance with related parties as per Ind AS 24		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loan taken from :		
Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited	195,077	145,077
Interest Accured on borrowing		
Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited	10,250	

#### CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### (D) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis. Outstanding trade balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

#### NOTE: 19

Unsecured loan from related party ₹ 195,077 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 145,077). The loan is repayable by March 25, 2024. The loan has been availed at 6.50%.

# NOTE: 20

#### OTHER MATTERS

- a) No proceeding have been initiated or pending against the Company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the Rules made thereunder.
- b) The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- $\textbf{c)} \ \ \text{The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.}$
- d) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs either severally or jointly with any other person.
- e) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- f) No funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- g) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- h) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.
- i) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

#### NOTE: 21

Previous year's figure has been regrouped and reclassified, wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date

#### For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CARACO PHARMACEUTICALS PRIVATE LIMITED

#### per Amit Singh

Partner Membership no.: 408869 Mumbai, May 26, 2022 Chandrakant K. Agrawal Director DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 26, 2022

Sanjay Jerry Additional Director DIN: 06834466 Mumbai, May 26, 2022