

**Consolidated Financial Statements and
Report of Independent Certified Public
Accountants**

**Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and
Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings
USA, Inc.)**

March 31, 2022 and 2021

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to consolidated the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is

not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

New York, New York
June 30, 2022

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of March 31,
(in thousands)

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,278	\$ 33,825
Accounts receivable, net	560,579	489,746
Other receivables	4,932	-
Due from related parties	637,127	249,409
Inventories, net	197,405	266,814
Prepaid expenses and other assets	20,453	11,642
	<u>1,451,774</u>	<u>1,051,436</u>
Total current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Land	1,417	1,417
Buildings and improvements	32,744	32,491
Equipment	83,206	73,691
Furniture and fixtures	3,233	3,099
Vehicles	25,045	24,487
Construction in process	2,957	2,657
	<u>148,602</u>	<u>137,842</u>
Total		
Less accumulated depreciation	83,792	65,523
	<u>64,810</u>	<u>72,319</u>
Total property, plant and equipment, net		
Investments		
Marketable equity securities	124,923	180,875
Nonmarketable equity securities	18,502	20,221
Equity method investments	72,920	112,207
Convertible notes	28,611	12,000
	<u>244,956</u>	<u>325,303</u>
Total investments		
Operating lease assets	6,947	8,783
Goodwill	73,165	73,165
Other intangible assets, net	14,776	22,325
Deferred income taxes	44,773	21,024
	<u>\$ 1,901,201</u>	<u>\$ 1,574,355</u>
Total assets		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - CONTINUED

As of March 31,
(in thousands)

	2022	2021
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ -	\$ 16,555
Accounts payable	89,330	81,923
Accrued expenses	228,967	228,519
Advances from affiliates, current	-	105,251
Allocation of income tax payable	6,852	2,528
Current portion of operating lease obligations	1,893	1,814
Current portion of finance lease obligations	5,359	5,097
Total current liabilities	332,401	441,687
Advances from affiliates, net of current portion	763,946	323,608
Operating lease obligations, net of current portion	5,375	7,265
Finance lease obligations, net of current portion	8,496	10,837
Total liabilities	1,110,218	783,397
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 1, 7, 11 and 15)		
Shareholders' equity		
Class A common stock, \$0 par value; authorized 340,000,000 shares, issued and outstanding	-	-
228,098,308 shares	565,595	565,595
Additional paid-in capital	225,388	225,363
Retained earnings		
Total shareholders' equity	790,983	790,958
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,901,201	\$ 1,574,355

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Years ended March 31,
(in thousands)

	2022	2021
Sales, net	\$ 1,092,240	\$ 922,366
Other operating revenue	753	3,604
Total revenue	1,092,993	925,970
Cost of goods sold	659,454	594,383
Selling, general and administrative expenses	370,275	330,784
Research and development costs	17,668	15,146
Gain on sale of intangible asset	-	(1,729)
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	(230)	39
Operating income /(loss)	45,826	(12,653)
Other income (expense)		
Interest expense	(11,497)	(15,926)
Dividend and interest income	29,495	34,453
(Losses) gains on equity securities	(63,986)	14,250
Equity in (losses) earnings from equity method investments	(40,215)	22,637
Other income	24,437	48
Other (expense) income, net	(61,766)	55,462
Income (loss) before income taxes	(15,940)	42,809
Allocation of income tax expense (benefits)	(15,965)	3,900
Net income	\$ 25	\$ 38,909

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended March 31,
(in thousands)

	<u>Common Stock Shares (*)</u>	<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u>
Balance, March 31, 2020	228,098,308	\$ 565,595	\$ 186,454	\$ 752,049
Net income	-	-	38,909	38,909
Balance, March 31, 2021	228,098,308	565,595	225,363	790,958
Net income	-	-	25	25
Balance, March 31, 2022	<u>228,098,308</u>	<u>\$ 565,595</u>	<u>\$ 225,388</u>	<u>\$ 790,983</u>

* Note: The common stock of the Company has no stated par value, thus all stock transactions are reported in additional paid-in capital

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended March 31,
(in thousands)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 25	\$ 38,909
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	13,441	12,505
Amortization	8,749	27,557
Loss (gains) on equity securities	63,986	14,250
Equity in losses (earnings) from equity method investments	40,215	(22,637)
Stock dividend from investee	(10,941)	(15,958)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	(230)	39
Gain on sale of intangible asset	-	(1,732)
Deferred income taxes	(23,750)	3,851
Provision (recovery) of doubtful accounts	(309)	466
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	-	-
Accounts receivable	(75,456)	(8,357)
Due from related parties	(87,525)	140,295
Inventories	69,409	27,583
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(8,817)	619
Accounts payable	7,415	(13,707)
Accrued expenses	448	(12,132)
Allocation of income tax payable	4,325	(48,109)
Lease obligations	1,783	(2,364)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>2,768</u>	<u>112,579</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases and construction of property, plant and equipment	(3,866)	(3,018)
Purchase of Intangible	(1,200)	-
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	-	22
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	5,409	4,636
Contributions in equity investments - non-marketable	-	(2,277)
Contributions in equity method investments	(928)	(1,138)
Contributions in equity investments - marketable	(784)	(2,140)
Distributions from equity method investments	-	6,567
Purchases of convertible notes	(16,611)	-
Proceeds from sale of intangible assets	-	1,787
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	<u>(17,980)</u>	<u>4,439</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
(Payment of) proceeds from short-term bank borrowings	(16,555)	1,555
Net repayment of line of credit borrowings	-	(215,000)
Net advances from affiliates	34,893	101,223
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(5,673)	(4,246)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>12,665</u>	<u>(116,468)</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(2,547)</u>	<u>550</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>33,825</u>	<u>33,275</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 31,278</u>	<u>\$ 33,825</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS, BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Nature of Business

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. ("Sun"), with headquarters in Princeton, New Jersey, is 96.32% owned by Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc. ("Sun Holding") and 3.68% owned by Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited ("Sun Limited").

The Company develops, licenses, manufactures, markets and distributes generic and brand prescription pharmaceuticals to the nation's largest wholesalers, distributors, warehousing and non-warehousing chain drugstores and managed care providers, throughout the United States, Canada and Puerto Rico. The process of developing a line of proprietary drugs requires approvals by the United States Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") of Abbreviated New Drug Applications ("ANDAs") for generic drugs and New Drug Applications ("NDAs") for brand drugs. The Company distributes various products exclusively for Sun Limited and also Company-owned products (those products for which the Company owns the ANDAs) manufactured in its own facilities as well as by Sun Limited and other third parties. Generic products are intended to treat a variety of disorders including, but not limited to, hypertension, arthritis, epilepsy, diabetes, depression, cancer and pain management. The Company has brand products which currently are primarily intended to treat patients related to dermatology. The Company has divisions for the distribution of various proprietary brand products in the therapeutic categories of ophthalmology, dermatology (biologics), oncology and neurology.

Subsidiaries of Sun (together with Sun hereafter referred to as "the Company"), all of which are wholly owned, include:

Chattem Chemicals, Inc. ("Chattem") is based in Chattanooga, Tennessee. Chattem is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients ("APIs"), surfactants and aluminum performance additives.

DUSA Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("DUSA") is based in Wilmington, Massachusetts, and is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and marketing branded dermatology formulations and medical devices used for treatment of dermatological conditions.

Taro Development Corporation ("TDC") is based in New York and has a wholly-owned subsidiary. This entity had no operating activity in Fiscal 2022 nor 2021.

Sun's manufacturing and distribution facilities are located in Cranbury, New Jersey; Chattanooga, Tennessee; and Billerica, Massachusetts. The Company also has executive offices in these locations.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements, which are the responsibility of management, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The consolidated financial statements are prepared in the functional currency of U.S. dollars and include the accounts of consolidated subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include, but are not limited to, realization of deferred tax assets, provisions for estimated customer returns, discounts, rebates, coupons and other price adjustments, including customer chargebacks (see "Revenue Recognition" below), valuation of inventories, valuation of investments, determination of useful lives and potential impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and other long-lived assets.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13"). This ASU provides guidance for recognizing credit losses on financial instruments based on an estimate of current expected credit losses model. This new standard amends the current guidance on the impairment of financial instruments and adds an impairment model known as current expected credit loss (CECL) model that is based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under the new guidance, an entity will recognize as an allowance its estimate of expected credit losses. The FASB subsequently issued ASU 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses, Topic 815, derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments and ASU 2019-11, Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses* to clarify and address certain items related to the amendments in ASU 2016-13. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim reporting periods within those fiscal years with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating this ASU but does not anticipate a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements based on its historical trend of bad debt expense relating to trade accounts receivable.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform* ("ASU 2020-04"). ASU 2020-04 provides optional guidance for a limited period of time to ease potential accounting impact associated with transitioning away from reference rates that are expected to be discontinued, such as the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The amendments in this ASU apply only to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. The amendments in ASU 2020-04 can be adopted as of March 12, 2020 and are effective through December 31, 2022. However, it cannot be applied to contract modifications that occur after December 31, 2022. The LIBOR is expected to be phased out at the end 2021. The company does not currently have any contracts that have been changed to a new reference rate but will continue to evaluate our contracts and the effects of this standard on our consolidated financial statements prior to adoption.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits in banks, cash on hand and all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. The Company invests its excess cash primarily in deposits with major banks and in other high quality short-term liquid money market investments. During the normal course of business, the Company may maintain cash on deposit in excess of federally insured limits with financial institutions. The Company maintains a policy of making investments only with institutions with at least an investment grade credit rating. Management does not believe the Company is exposed to any significant interest rate or other financial risk as a result of these deposits.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

Investments

The Company invests in equity securities of public and private companies to promote business and strategic objectives. These investments, although long-term, are generally focused on the development of these individual drugs and are not intended to be ongoing relationships.

Marketable equity securities are equity securities with readily determinable fair value that are measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis with changes in fair value, whether realized or unrealized, recorded through the consolidated statements of income. Sun, through its subsidiary TDC, holds 2,333,802 shares of Taro Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd. ("Taro"). Sun Limited, along with several of its subsidiaries, holds the majority of the common shares of Taro. The American Depository Shares of Taro are traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Management does not intend to sell the securities of this affiliate in the near future since such interests were acquired as strategic investments by Sun Limited and its subsidiaries.

Investee companies that are not consolidated, but over which the Company exercises significant influence, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Whether or not the Company exercises significant influence with respect to an Investee depends on an evaluation of several factors including, among others, representation on the Investee company's board of directors, and ownership level, which is generally a 20% to 50% interest in the voting securities for corporate entities and between 5% and 50% interest in the voting securities for noncorporate entities. Under the equity method of accounting, an Investee's underlying accounts are not reflected within the Company's consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of income; rather, the Company's share of the earnings or losses of the Investee is reflected in the caption Equity in earnings (losses) from equity method investments in the consolidated statements of income. The Company's carrying value in an equity method Investee is reflected in the caption Equity method investments on the consolidated balance sheets.

Nonmarketable equity securities are equity securities without readily determinable fair values that are not accounted for under the consolidation or the equity method of accounting. Management has elected the measurement alternative for these investments that do not have readily determined fair values. Under this alternative, such investments are measured at cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from qualifying observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer. At March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company has outstanding capital commitments of approximately \$120 and \$904, respectively, to these investees.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value or the sale of equity investments are reported as gains (losses) on equity securities on the consolidated statements of income. Substantially all (losses) gains recognized in Fiscal 2022 and 2021 are unrealized.

Convertible Notes

During Fiscal 2018, the Company converted a \$7,000 advance to one of its development stage investees into a convertible note. The convertible note matured in February 2020. On April 30, 2020, an amendment was entered into, which extended the maturity date to December 31, 2022. Interest accrues at an annual rate of 12%. The investee may prepay the convertible note in \$1,000 increments without penalty. The Company has the right to convert any outstanding principal into shares of the investee's common stock, at any time on or before the maturity date at its discretion. If the Company chooses to convert, it will forfeit all accrued and unpaid interest.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

During Fiscal 2019, an addendum to the original convertible note agreement was signed. As a result, the Company agreed to invest an additional \$5,000 of which \$0 and \$900 was invested in Fiscal 2021 and 2020, respectively. These convertible notes matured in December 2019. On April 30, 2020, an amendment was entered into, which extended the maturity date to December 31, 2022. Interest accrues at an annual rate of 12%. The investee may prepay the convertible note in \$1,000 increments without penalty. The Company has the right to convert any outstanding principal into shares of the investee's common stock, at any time on or before the maturity date at its discretion. If the Company chooses to convert, it will forfeit all accrued and unpaid interest.

During Fiscal 2022, the Company paid \$16,611 to Sun Global FZE, an affiliate company, for their convertible notes of the development stage investees with the maturity dates to December 31, 2021. Interest accrues at an annual rate of 12%. The Company has the right to convert any outstanding principal into shares of the investee's common stock, at any time on or before the maturity date at its discretion. If the Company chooses to convert, it will forfeit all accrued and unpaid interest.

The conversion feature of these notes does not allow for a cash settlement. The shares delivered on conversion are privately held and, therefore, not readily convertible to cash. As a result, the conversion feature does not have a net settlement characteristic and, therefore, does not meet the definition of a derivative.

Advances from Affiliates (Related by Common Ownership and Management Control)

The Company has received funds from Alkaloida Chemical Co. ZRT, Sun Pharma Netherlands B.V. and Sun Limited. These advances are considered unsecured operating loans. On an annual basis, any unpaid accrued interest is rolled into the principal balance. The Alkaloida Chemical Co. ZRT balance should be repaid by May 2026 unless the parties mutually agreed otherwise. The effective interest rates were 2.2866% and 3.014% at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These advances have been classified as noncurrent in the consolidated balance sheets. Sun Pharma Netherlands B.V.'s advances were repaid during fiscal year 2022. These advances have been classified as current in the fiscal 2021 consolidated balance sheet. Sun Limited balance should be repaid in two years from date of signed agreement January 18, 2022. The effective interest rate ranged between 1.38% and 1.78% during fiscal year 2022 and was 1.46% in fiscal year 2021. These advances have been classified as noncurrent in the fiscal 2022 consolidated balance sheet and current in the fiscal 2021 consolidated balance sheet, based on the due date of the advances at that time.

Due from Related Parties

The Company enters into transactions with related parties in the normal course of business. These transactions bear no interest and are not collateralized. There are no specified due dates. These transactions are classified as current in the consolidated balance sheets as they are expected to be collected in the normal course of business. The related parties have agreed to offset its respective receivable and payable balances and, accordingly, the resulting net receivables have been included under due from related parties on the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from product sales is recognized only when: the parties to the contract have approved it and are committed to perform their respective obligation, the Company can identify each party's rights regarding the distinct goods or services to be transferred ("performance obligations"), the Company can determine the transaction price for the goods or services to be transferred, the contract has commercial substance and it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration to which it is entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer.

Revenues are recorded in the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for performance obligations upon transfer of control to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of other third parties and sales taxes.

The amount of consideration the Company expects to be entitled varies as a result of rebates, chargebacks, returns, and other sales reserves and allowances the Company offers its customers and their customers, as well as the occurrence or nonoccurrence of future events, including milestone events. A minimum amount of variable consideration is recorded concurrently with the satisfaction of performance obligations to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Estimates of variable consideration are based on historical experience and the specific terms in the individual agreements. Rebates and chargebacks are the largest components of sales reserves and allowances. For further description of sales reserves and allowances and how they are estimated, see Allowances for sales adjustments below.

The Company does not adjust the promised consideration for the effects of a significant financing component as it is expected, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and the time the customer pays for these goods or services to be generally one year or less. The Company's credit terms to customers are on average between 60 and 90 days.

The Company's customers consist primarily of large U.S. pharmaceutical wholesalers who sell directly into the retail channel, chain drug stores, distributors, managed care customers and radiopharmaceutical pharmacies. For the products being sold from DUSA, the primary customers are physicians and hospitals.

Revenue from the sales of goods, including sales to wholesalers, is recognized when the customer obtains control of the product. This generally occurs when the products are received by the customers and they obtain the risks and rewards of ownership and the Company has a right to payment. The majority of the Company's revenues are made in the US.

Revenue for distinct intellectual property ("IP") rights is accounted for based on the nature of the promise to grant the license. In determining whether the Company's promise is to provide a right to access its IP or a right to use its IP, the Company considers the nature of the IP to which the customer will have rights. IP is either functional IP which has significant standalone functionality or symbolic IP which does not have significant standalone functionality. Revenue from functional IP is recognized at the point in time when control of the distinct license is transferred to the customer, when the Company has a present right to payment and risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer. Revenue from symbolic IP is recognized over the access period to the Company's IP. In Fiscal 2021, the Company recognized a \$1,729 gain from the sale of intellectual property which is classified as "Gain on sale of intangible assets" within the consolidated statements of income.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

The Company makes sales of products under various marketing and distribution agreements. The Company recognizes revenue from such sales in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606-10-55-37, *Principal versus Agent Considerations*. Management has evaluated the various indicators described under this guidance and has determined that such revenues should be considered on a gross reporting basis. The factors which led management to make such determination include the following: (1) the title of the goods have been transferred to the Company and the Company assumes all general inventory risks, (2) the Company is responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified good to customers, and (3) the Company has discretion in establishing the prices for the specific good.

Contract liabilities are mainly comprised of deferred revenues. When the Company receives advance payments from customers for the sale of products, such payments are deferred and reported as advances from customers until all conditions for revenue recognition are met. These deferred amounts are \$0 at March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Shipping and Handling Costs

Shipping and handling costs are considered to be a fulfillment cost. These costs are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to \$16,746 and \$9,718 in Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

Allowances for Sales Adjustments

Variable consideration includes sales reserves and allowances. Chargebacks, customer rebates, shelf stock adjustments and sales discounts are netted against trade receivables. Sales returns, Medicaid and Medicare rebates, managed care rebates, and patient coupons are recorded within accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company recognizes these provisions at the time of the sale and adjusts them if the actual amounts differ from the estimated provisions. The following briefly describes the nature of each deduction and how the provisions are estimated:

Chargebacks

Chargebacks represent the Company's most significant provision against gross accounts receivable and related reduction to gross sales revenue. Chargebacks are retroactive credits given to wholesale customers that represent the difference between the lower price they sell (contractual price) to retail, chain stores, and managed care organizations and what the Company charges the wholesaler. The Company estimates chargebacks at the time of sale to their wholesale customers. Wholesaler customers who submit chargebacks to the Company do not reference a specific invoice that the chargeback is related to when the chargeback is submitted to the Company. Thus, the Company cannot determine the specific period to which the wholesaler's chargeback relates.

The Company considers the following factors in the determination of the estimates of sales chargebacks:

- 1) The historical data of chargebacks as a percentage of sales, as well as actual chargeback reports received from primary wholesaler customers.
- 2) Volume of all products sold to wholesaler customers and the average chargeback rates for the current quarter as compared to the previous quarter and compared to the last six-month period.
- 3) The sales trends and future estimated prices of products, wholesale acquisition cost ("WAC"), the contract prices with the retailers, chain stores, managed care organizations (end-users), and wholesaler customer's contract prices.

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- 4) The Company utilizes data on remaining inventories on hand at primary wholesaler customers at the end of each reporting period in the calculation of estimates.

Approximately 74% and 70% of the total allowance for trade receivables at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, have been established to provide for estimated sales chargebacks (see Note 3).

Shelf Stock Adjustments

General practices within the pharmaceutical industry include granting customers a shelf stock adjustment based on the customers' existing inventory and decreases in the market price of the related product. The most significant of these adjustments relate to products for which an exclusivity period exists.

Management considers the following factors when recording an allowance for shelf stock adjustments: estimated launch dates of competing products based on market intelligence, estimated decline in market price of products based on historical experience and input from customers, and levels of inventory held by customers at the date of the pricing adjustments. (see Note 3).

Rebates

Customer rebates are estimated at the end of every reporting period, based on direct or indirect purchases. If the purchases are direct (purchases made by end use customers directly from the Company), the rebates are recognized when products are purchased, and a periodic credit is given. For indirect purchases (purchases by end use customers through wholesale customers), the rebates are recognized based on the terms with such customer. (see Note 3).

Medicaid and Other Governmental Rebates

Medicaid rebates are earned by states based on the amount of the Company's products dispensed under the Medicaid plan. Medicaid rebates are principally comprised of amounts due under U.S. government pricing programs such as Medicaid, Medicare and Tricare (Department of Veteran Affairs). These rebates have been estimated as per the stipulated regulations and prescribed guidelines, which consider the calculation of the average manufacturers' price, historical data the Company receives from the public sector benefit providers, which is based on the final dispensing of the products by a pharmacy to a benefit plan participant, and fluctuations in sales volumes. (see Note 8).

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Product Returns

In the pharmaceutical industry, customers are normally granted the right to return product for credit, or replacement with fresh product, if the product has not been used prior to its expiration date. The Company's return policy typically allows product returns for products within a 12-month window from six months prior to the expiration date and up to six months after the expiration date. The Company estimates the level of sales that will ultimately be returned, pursuant to its return policy, and records a related allowance at the time of sale. These amounts are deducted from its gross sales to determine net sales. These estimates take into consideration historical returns of the products and the Company's future expectations. The Company periodically reviews the allowances established for returns and adjusts them based on actual experience, as necessary. The primary factors considered in estimating its potential product returns include shelf life of expiration date of each product and historical levels of expired product returns. If the Company becomes aware of any returns due to product quality related issues, this information is used to estimate an additional allowance. The Company provides for an allowance related to returns resulting from product recalls, in the period that such recalls occur. The amount of actual product return could be either higher or lower than the amounts provided. Changes in these estimates, if any, would be recorded in the income statement in the period the change is determined. If the Company over or under estimates the quantity of product that will ultimately be returned, there may be a material impact to its consolidated financial statements. (see Note 8).

Cash Discounts

Cash discounts percentage are provided for paying the invoice amount before the scheduled due date. The discount percentage ranges are 1% through 3% with substantially all customers receiving the 2% rate (see Note 3).

Other Allowances

Billbacks are special promotions or discounts provided over a specific time period to a defined customer base, and for a defined product group. Distribution allowances are a fixed percentage of gross purchases for inventory shipped to a national distribution facility that the Company pays to its top wholesalers on a monthly basis. Administration fees are paid to certain wholesalers, buying groups, and other customers for stocking the Company's products and managing contracts and servicing other customers.

The Company has a patient coupon program in relation to certain products. These patient coupons enable eligible customers to a discount at the time of dispensing of prescriptions and the related cost of such patient coupons is borne by the Company. The accrual related to patient coupons is estimated based on historical experience regarding the usage of coupons by the eligible customers (see Note 8).

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Doubtful accounts are estimated based on the data available from external sources, including information obtained related to the financial condition of customers. Delinquent accounts are reviewed by management on a quarterly basis, to identify and record allowances, as considered necessary, for accounts receivable not expected to be recoverable (see Note 3).

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Accounts Receivable

The Company sells its products using customary trade terms; the resulting accounts receivable are unsecured. Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Company provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on management's assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after the Company has attempted reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade accounts receivable. Accounts receivable totaled \$560,579 and \$489,746 at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Inventories

Inventories, which consist of raw materials, goods in transit and finished goods, as well as work-in-process, are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, or net realizable value. The Company analyzes its inventory levels quarterly and writes down any inventory that has become obsolete and inventory that has a cost basis in excess of its expected net realizable value. Expired inventory is disposed of and the related costs are expensed when incurred. Materials acquired for research and development on products yet to be launched are written off in the year of acquisition. Inventory includes material purchased related to products for which the Company has filed ANDAs with the FDA, and the commercial launch of such products will commence once the approvals are received. The determination of whether or not inventory costs will be realizable requires estimates by management. A critical estimate in this determination is the estimate of the future expected inventory requirements, whereby the Company compares its internal sales forecasts to inventory on hand. Actual results may differ from those estimates and additional inventory write-offs may be required. The Company must also make estimates about the amount of manufacturing overhead to allocate to its finished goods and work in process inventories. Although the manufacturing process is generally similar for its products, the Company must make judgments as to the portion of costs to allocate to purchased product, work in process and finished goods, and such allocations can vary based upon the composition of these components and the fact that each product produced does not necessarily require the same amount of time or effort for the same production step. Accordingly, the assumptions made can impact the value of reported inventories and cost of sales. For inventories related to distributed products, the Company absorbs losses of obsolescence or expiries, however, if mutually agreed upon and in specific circumstances (like inventory built up on launch of new products), the Company recovers the cost from suppliers. The Company incurs costs related to non-supply of products it has committed to sell to its customers as per the contracts it has entered with these customers. As mutually agreed, the Company recovers certain of these costs from its suppliers.

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Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, which for property and equipment acquired in business acquisitions approximates the fair value determined at the acquisition date. Land is carried at cost. Construction in process is carried at cost until such time the associated assets are placed into service. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, as follows:

<u>Asset Category</u>	<u>No. of Years</u>
Buildings	39
Leasehold improvements on building	Shorter of term or useful lives
Buildings given under operating lease	Shorter of term or useful lives
Plant and equipment	7 or 8
Computer equipment	3
Vehicles under lease	Shorter of term or useful lives
Office equipment	7 or 8
Furniture and fixtures	8

Major improvements and renewals are capitalized, while ordinary maintenance and repairs are expensed. Management annually reviews these assets for impairment and believes the carrying value of these assets will be recovered through cash flow from operations (See Note 5).

Leases

The majority of the Company's lease obligations are real estate operating leases used in warehouse and distribution operations and vehicles used by the Company's sales force. For any lease with an initial term in excess of 12 months, the related lease assets and liabilities are recognized on the consolidated balance sheets as either operating leases or finance leases at the inception of an agreement where it is determined that a lease exists. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the consolidated balance sheets and the Company recognizes lease expense on these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Operating lease assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and operating lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. These assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of future payments over the lease term at the commencement date. The Company estimates the incremental borrowing rate on the date of the initial application for each lease which was 2.5% for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. based on an evaluation of the Company's credit ratings and the prevailing market rates for collateralized debt in a similar economic environment with similar payment terms and maturity dates commensurate with the terms of the lease. The Company's lease terms generally do not include options to extend or terminate the lease unless it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised. Fixed payments may contain predetermined fixed rent escalations. Related rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis from the commencement date to the end of the lease term.

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Allocation of Income Taxes

The Company is a party to a tax sharing arrangement with Sun Holding (see Note 10) and affiliates related through common ownership and management control. The Company reports income taxes in these consolidated financial statements using the separate return method. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between the consolidated financial statement and federal income tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. In concluding that it is more-likely-than-not that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realized, the Company evaluates both positive and negative evidence regarding the future utilization of these assets. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the year plus or minus the change during the year in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs settled in cash are charged to expense as incurred. Capital expenditures incurred on equipment and facilities that are acquired or constructed for research and development activities and having alternative future uses are capitalized as tangible assets when acquired or constructed. The Company has not incurred any non-cash research and development costs during Fiscal 2022 and 2021.

Advertising and Promotion Costs

Advertising and promotion costs which are expensed as incurred and included in selling, general and administrative expenses, amounted to \$11,681 and \$11,567 in Fiscal 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the cost in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The Company's Goodwill measurement date is March 31, 2021. The Company concluded, based on management's assessment, that there was no impairment at March 31, 2022 and 2021.

Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with definite lives are amortized over periods ranging from three to 15 years and are evaluated for impairment at least annually. Intangibles are included in Other intangible assets, net caption on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company concluded, based on management's assessment, that there was no impairment at March 31, 2022 and 2021.

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Fair Value Measurements

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts such sales or transfers based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3).

A description of each category in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 - Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets;
- Level 2 - Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all-significant assumptions are observable in the market; and
- Level 3 - Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

For a further discussion of fair value measurements, refer to Note 2.

NOTE 2 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. Marketable equity securities and the convertible notes are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. From time to time, the Company may be required to record at fair value other assets on a nonrecurring basis, such as inventory, non-marketable equity securities, goodwill and other long-lived assets. These nonrecurring fair value adjustments typically involve the application of lower of cost or market accounting or write downs of individual assets.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and key inputs used to measure financial assets recorded at fair value. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified. As of March 31, 2022 and 2021, there are no financial liabilities recorded at fair value.

Marketable Equity Securities

Marketable equity securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices. Level 1 securities include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets. All marketable equity security investments as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are considered Level 1 securities. Changes in fair value, whether realized or unrealized, are recorded through the consolidated statements of income.

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NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable and related valuation allowances are summarized as follows at March 31:

	2022	2021
Accounts receivable	\$ 756,166	\$ 700,063
Valuation allowances		
Chargebacks and shelf stock adjustments	148,787	168,091
Direct and indirect rebates (includes administrative fees, service fees and related allowances, etc.)	29,611	25,894
Cash discounts	16,521	15,603
Allowance for doubtful accounts	396	738
Other concessions	272	(9)
Total valuation allowances	195,587	210,317
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 560,579	\$ 489,746

NOTE 4 - INVENTORIES, NET

Inventories consist of the following components at March 31:

	2022	2021
Raw materials	\$ 27,318	\$ 37,883
Work in process	13,449	4,576
Goods in transit (distributed products)	28,772	22,584
Finished goods (company-owned products)	333,114	367,250
Finished goods (distributed products)	16,543	14,641
	419,196	446,934
Less: allowance for inventory reserve	(221,791)	(180,120)
Inventories, net	\$ 197,405	\$ 266,814

The principal components used in the Company's business are active and inactive pharmaceutical ingredients and certain packaging materials. While some of these components are purchased from single sources, the majority of the components have an alternate source of supply available. Because the FDA approval process requires manufacturers to specify their proposed supplier of components in their applications, FDA approval of a new supplier would be required if components were no longer available from the specified suppliers. Also, a major component of the Company's inventory includes purchased finished goods for distribution under various marketing agreements.

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During Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, the Company made net purchases of inventory components, consisting of raw materials and finished goods, of approximately \$505,003 and \$428,719, respectively, from Sun Limited and its affiliates. These amounts are net of credits issued by the Company for the cost of expired and non-saleable products or for free replacement of fresh product to the Company primarily as a result of pending expiration or stale-dating of product held by the Company and its customers, without cost to the Company, which was acting in its normal distributor role for sales of such products.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Depreciation expense was \$13,441 and \$12,505 in Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

NOTE 6 - OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets consist of the following amounts at March 31:

	2022	2021
Patents and trademarks	\$ 232,328	\$ 232,328
Product rights and licenses	139,637	138,437
Technical know-how	15,511	15,511
Other	7,100	7,100
	394,576	393,376
Less accumulated amortization	379,800	371,051
Other intangible assets, net	\$ 14,776	\$ 22,325

Intangible assets are amortized ratably over periods ranging from 3 to 15 years, which correspond with the expected periods of future economic benefit. The amortization expense was \$8,749 and \$27,557 in Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

Estimated annual amortization expense for each of the five years succeeding March 31, 2022 and thereafter, are summarized as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	Amount
2023	\$ 7,251
2024	5,066
2025	2,075
2026	240
2027	144
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 14,776

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NOTE 7 - EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, investments accounted for under the equity method, and the percentage interest owned, consisted of Frazier Healthcare VII, L.P. (6.83%), Versant Venture Capital V, L.P. (7.46%), Medinstill LLC (19.99%), Atlas Venture Fund X L.P. (3.57%), and 5AM Ventures IV L.P. (3.33%). These investments are reflected in the caption "Equity method investments" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Activity in equity method investments account is summarized as follows:

Balance, March 31, 2020	\$	94,999
Capital contributions		1,138
Proportionate share of equity in net income		22,637
Distributions		<u>(6,567)</u>
Balance, March 31, 2021		112,207
Capital contributions		928
Proportionate share of equity in net (loss) income		(40,215)
Distributions		<u>-</u>
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	<u>72,920</u>

At March 31, 2022, the Company has outstanding capital commitments of approximately \$729 to these investees.

Combined balance sheet information underlying the Company's equity method investments is summarized as follows at March 31:

	2022	2021
Current assets	\$ 39,498	\$ 47,481
Investments at estimated fair value	1,799,694	2,620,941
Property and equipment	<u>1,865</u>	<u>2,401</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,841,017</u>	<u>\$ 2,670,823</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 104,236	\$ 83,527
Noncurrent liabilities	-	-
Total equity	<u>1,736,781</u>	<u>2,587,296</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 1,841,017</u>	<u>\$ 2,670,823</u>

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Combined income statement information underlying the Company's equity method investments is summarized as follows for the years ended March 31:

	2022	2021
Operating income	\$ 27	\$ 4,057
Realized gain(loss) on investments	(234,299)	1,244,260
Research and development	-	(65)
Management fees	(15,653)	(16,396)
Professional fees	281	(646)
Other expenses	(1,168)	(3,040)
	\$ (250,812)	\$ 1,228,170

NOTE 8 - ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consist of the following amounts at March 31:

	2022	2021
Sales returns	\$ 87,738	\$ 81,423
Medicaid rebates	28,004	19,624
Managed care rebates	36,263	42,933
Employee-related benefits	37,806	43,734
Royalties and profit sharing	16,270	17,097
Patient coupons	7,568	17,458
Legal settlement	15,315	-
Other	3	6,250
	\$ 228,967	\$ 228,519

NOTE 9 - SHORT-TERM BANK BORROWINGS

In March 2015, the Company entered into a line of credit ("credit agreement") with JP Morgan for \$20,000. There is no balance outstanding under the credit agreement at March 31, 2022. The agreement has no fixed termination date, and thus will terminate at such time either party chooses.

In December 2016, the Company entered into an uncommitted revolving line-of-credit agreement (revolving agreement) with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JP Morgan") for a maximum borrowing availability of \$200,000, of which \$0 and \$15,000 was outstanding at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The agreement has no fixed termination date, and thus will terminate at such time either party chooses. The effective interest rate was 0% and 1.33% at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In September 2019, the Company entered into an uncommitted line of credit ("credit agreement") with JP Morgan for \$50,000, of which \$0 outstanding at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The effective interest rate was 0% and 1.33% at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As of June 2020, the Company paid off the loan in full, with interest in the amount of \$0. The agreement has no fixed termination date, and thus will terminate at such time either party chooses.

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In April 2020, Chattem entered into an uncommitted loan agreement under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") authorized under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Securities ("CARES") Act ("Program") in the amount of \$1,555. The effective interest rate was 1.00% at March 31, 2021. In January 2021, Chattem submitted a PPP Forgiveness Application Form 3508EZ. On April 20, 2021, Chattem was granted forgiveness on this loan.

NOTE 10 - ALLOCATION OF INCOME TAXES

The allocation of income taxes consists of the following components for the year ended March 31:

	2022	2021
Current expense	\$ 9,335	\$ 49
Deferred (benefit) expense	(28,900)	3,851
	\$ (19,565)	\$ 3,900
Total income tax allocation		

For the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the effective tax rate differs from the U.S. Federal Statutory Rate of 21% due to state and local taxes, reserves for uncertain tax positions, tax credits, and other permanent differences.

The Company has a tax sharing arrangement with its Parent and affiliates related through common ownership and management control. The arrangement, among other stipulations, requires that a consolidated federal income tax return will be filed, and that the Parent will pay/receive monies due to/from the Company based on the Company's separate taxable results.

As of March 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company's net deferred tax assets were primarily the result of the timing of the recognition of expenses related to fixed asset depreciation, federal and state net operating losses, intangibles, inventory and timing differences of certain accruals and reserves offset by deferred tax liabilities mainly related to investments and fixed asset depreciation.

Valuation allowances against deferred income tax assets are provided when, based upon the weight of available evidence, it is more-likely-than-not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Excluding NOLs there are no such valuation allowances considered necessary as of March 31, 2022 or 2021. Based upon the level of projected future taxable income over the periods in which deferred tax assets are realizable, the Company expects that it is more likely than not that it will realize the benefit of these temporary differences. Some of the Company's NOLs are subject to annual limitations under income tax rules. As a result of such restrictions, certain of such NOLs, amounting to approximately \$41,000, will expire and are not likely to be available for future benefit. Accordingly, the deferred tax asset related to the NOLs has been reduced by the amount of NOLs which the Company will likely not be in a position to utilize prior to their expiration between 2022 and 2033.

The Company analyzed its filing positions in the federal and state jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns, for all open tax years (Fiscal 2018 to 2022) in these jurisdictions. The Company identified and recorded unrecognized tax benefits ("UTB") of \$3,458 as of March 31, 2020 as a result of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") examinations. An interest expense of \$1,001 was booked for the UTB reserve as of March 31, 2021. The Company does not expect the total amount of UTB to significantly increase or decrease in the next 12 months.

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The IRS has completed its examination of Sun's Fiscal 2016 and 2017 tax returns and issued tax return adjustments resulting in approximately \$29,314 and \$24,659 of additional tax expense, respectively. The Company is disputing the assessments and included \$3,458 additional tax expense within the Fiscal 2020 tax provision to account for its uncertain tax positions.

NOTE 11 - LEASES (INCLUDING RELATED PARTY)

The Company conducts a portion of its operations with leased property and equipment, including rental of office and warehouse space in Cranbury, New Jersey, from an affiliated company, Taro.

Supplemental consolidated balance sheet information related to leases is as follows at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Lease assets		
Operating leases	\$ 6,947	\$ 8,783
Finance leases (included within property, plant and equipment)	<u>13,875</u>	<u>15,507</u>
Total lease assets	<u>\$ 20,822</u>	<u>\$ 24,290</u>
Lease liabilities		
Current:		
Operating leases	\$ 1,893	\$ 1,814
Finance leases	5,359	5,097
Noncurrent:		
Operating leases	5,375	7,265
Finance leases	<u>8,496</u>	<u>10,837</u>
Total lease liabilities	<u>\$ 21,123</u>	<u>\$ 25,013</u>

Components of total lease costs were as follows for Fiscal 2022 and 2021:

Operating lease cost (included in administrative expenses)	\$ 1,996	\$ 2,120
Finance lease cost:		
Depreciation on lease assets (included in administrative expenses)	4,800	4,374
Interest on lease liabilities (included in interest expenses)	<u>469</u>	<u>742</u>
Total lease costs	<u>\$ 7,265</u>	<u>\$ 7,236</u>

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The following is a schedule of annual future minimum lease payments required under leases with initial or remaining no cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of March 31, 2022:

	Finance Leases	Operating Leases (Including Affiliates)
2023	\$ 5,709	\$ 2,023
2024	5,374	1,959
2025	2,708	1,786
2026	659	941
2027	52	918
Thereafter	-	376
Total future undiscounted lease payments	14,502	8,004
Less amounts representing interest	647	736
Total reported lease liability	\$ 18,855	\$ 7,268

NOTE 12 - ROYALTY AND PROFIT SHARE AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into several distribution and profit share arrangements wherein a specified percentage of the profit earned is paid by the Company to unrelated third parties as royalty or profit share expense. During Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, royalty and profit share expense was \$12,981 and \$19,664, respectively. Of these amounts, \$10,931 and \$18,553, respectively, have been included in cost of goods sold and \$2,050 and \$1,111, respectively, have been included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company maintains a deferred compensation plan qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC"). Under this plan, eligible employees are permitted to contribute up to the maximum allowable amount determined by the IRC. The Company may make discretionary matching and profit sharing contributions under the provisions of the plan. The Company made contributions in the amounts of \$6,788 and \$5,289 to the plan for Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

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(amounts in thousands)

NOTE 14 - SALES CONCENTRATIONS

Major Customers

Shipments to four customers, including three wholesalers, accounted for approximately 53% and 54% of net revenues for Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively. Balances due from these customers (gross outstanding amounts) represented approximately 83% and 78% of gross accounts receivable at March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. As is typical in the U.S. retail sector, many of the Company's customers are serviced through their designated wholesalers. Of the net sales made to wholesalers, the majority include sales for various customers of the Company that have underlying direct contracts with the Company that are facilitated through such wholesale customers. No other single customer accounted for more than 10% of net sales for Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021. The loss of any of these customers would have a materially adverse effect on short-term operating results.

Major Products

Shipments of four products accounted for 40% and 32% of net sales for Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND OTHER MATTERS

Employment Contracts

The Company has employment agreements with three of its executive officers that provide for annual salaries that include merit increases and at least a six-month continuance, including insurance benefits, upon termination without cause.

Litigation

The Company and/or its subsidiaries are involved in various legal proceedings including product liability, contracts, employment claims, antitrust and other legal and regulatory matters relating to the conduct of its business. Some of the key matters are discussed below. Most of the legal proceedings involve complex issues, which are specific to the case and do not have precedents and, hence, for a majority of these claims, it is not possible to make a reasonable estimate of the expected financial effect, if any, that will result from ultimate resolution of the proceedings. This is due to a number of factors, including: the stage of the proceedings and the overall length and the discovery process; the entitlement of the parties to an action to appeal a decision; the extent of the claims, including the size of any potential class, particularly when damages are not specified or are indeterminate; the possible need for further legal proceedings to establish the appropriate amount of damages, if any; the settlement posture of the other parties to the litigation and any other factors that may have a material effect on the litigation. The Company makes its assessment of likely outcome, based on the views of internal legal counsel and in consultation with external legal counsel representing the Company. The Company also believes that disclosure of the amount sought by plaintiffs, would not be meaningful because historical evidence indicates that the amounts settled (if any) are significantly different from those claimed by plaintiffs. Some of the legal claims against the Company, if decided against the Company, may result in significant impact on its results of operations for a given period during which the claim is settled.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

Antitrust - Generic Drug Price Fixing Litigation

On April 1, 2016, subsidiaries in the United States of America ("US subsidiaries") separately received a grand jury subpoena from the United States Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, seeking documents relating to corporate and employee records, certain generic pharmaceutical products and pricing, potential communications with competitors and others regarding the sale of generic pharmaceutical products, and certain other related matters. On or before November 2017, US subsidiaries provided documents and information related to three pharmaceutical products. The Antitrust Division has not asked for any additional information from US subsidiaries, or communicated with US subsidiaries, about its subpoena since that time.

On April 30, 2018, US subsidiaries separately has received a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID") from the U.S. Department of Justice in connection with a False Claims Act investigation, seeking information relating to corporate and employee records, certain generic pharmaceutical products and pricing, potential communications and certain other related matters. In response to the CID, US subsidiaries provided certain materials to the Civil Division in 2018. The Civil Division has not asked for any additional information from US subsidiaries, or communicated with US subsidiaries, about the subpoena since that time.

US subsidiaries, along with more than 70 other pharmaceutical companies and individuals, are named as defendants in lawsuits brought by several putative classes, state Attorneys General, municipalities and individual company purchasers and payors alleging violations of antitrust and related laws. The majority of these cases have been transferred to the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania for coordinated pre-trial proceedings, and are now in discovery. In December 2021, the Court issued an order setting certain bellwether schedules across 2022 and 2023, including related to discovery and motions practice. A settlement was reached with the Direct Purchaser Plaintiff class plaintiffs on November 4, 2021, subject to final Court approval, pursuant to which the Company will pay a maximum of \$17.357 million subject to a reduction of up to \$2.042 million depending on the volume of certain class members that may opt-out of the settlement. In March 2022, the Company accrued \$15.315 million under accrued legal expenses (see note 8).

Opioids

US subsidiaries are defendants in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation that has been consolidated for pre-trial proceedings in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, as well as in state cases pending in Utah state court; Sun, Sun Limited, and Ranbaxy are also named as defendants in two individual personal injury complaints filed in West Virginia state court in March 2022; separately, Sun Limited and Sun Pharmaceuticals Canada are defendants in putative class actions pending in Canada. The U.S. and Canadian matters involve similar allegations and were brought against various manufacturers and distributors of opioid products seeking damages for alleged harms related to opioid use. Currently, all matters against US subsidiaries in the National Prescription Opiate Litigation are stayed; US subsidiaries obtained an order in the Utah matters dismissing all claims except public nuisance and negligence claims; and the Canadian matters are in the early stages of pleading.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

Antitrust - Modafinil

Sun Limited and US subsidiaries were a defendant in a number of putative class action lawsuits and individual actions brought by purchasers and payors, as well as a generic manufacturer, in the U.S. alleging that the Company and its affiliates violated antitrust laws in connection with a 2005 patent settlement agreement with Cephalon concerning Modafinil. The cases were transferred to the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania for coordinated proceedings and, subsequently, the Company reached settlements in these coordinated federal proceedings. A follow-on action was filed by the state of Louisiana, which was dismissed by the trial court in December 2016. On February 8, 2018, the appellate court dismissed Louisiana's appeal, ruling that the trial court's orders did not constitute final appealable judgments. Since that time, the matter has remained dormant and Louisiana has not moved the district court to amend the order.

Antitrust - Lipitor

Sun Limited and US subsidiaries are a defendant in a number of putative class action lawsuits and individual actions brought by purchasers and payors in the U.S. alleging that the Company and its affiliates violated antitrust laws in connection with a 2008 patent settlement agreement with Pfizer concerning Atorvastatin. The cases have been transferred to the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey for coordinated proceedings. Discovery commenced in January 2020 but was stayed in March 2020 pending mediation. Pursuant to the mediator's order of June 3, 2021, briefing on certain issues was completed by March 2022, and argument on these issues will likely occur in subsequent months.

Product Liability - Ranitidine/Zantac MDL

In June 2020, Sun Limited and U.S. subsidiaries were named as defendants in a complaint filed in the Zantac/Ranitidine Multi-District Litigation ("MDL") consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida. The lawsuits name over 100 defendants (including brand manufacturers, generic manufacturers, repackagers, distributors and retailers) involving allegations of injury caused by nitrosamine impurities. Discovery in the MDL is ongoing. On July 8, 2021, the District Court granted the generic Defendants' motion to dismiss, the effect of which was to dismiss the Sun Limited and one of its affiliates with prejudice. That decision is up on appeal. In addition to the federal court proceedings, Sun Limited and one of its affiliates also have been named as defendants in state court actions pending in Illinois, Pennsylvania, and California. One of the actions pending in Illinois state court currently is scheduled to go to trial in August 2022. Finally, certain of Sun Limited's subsidiaries are named in three putative class actions pending in three Canadian provinces. The action pending in British Columbia is taking the lead and is in the class certification stage.

NOTE 16 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Non-Cash Investing Activities

The Company financed the acquisition of vehicles by entering into capital leases totaling \$6,024 and \$9,280 in Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, respectively.

Cash paid for interest amounted to the following during the years ended March 31:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Interest	\$ 3,433	\$ 6,300

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

March 31, 2022 and 2021
(amounts in thousands)

NOTE 17 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS INCLUDING NONCASH CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION

The Company conducts business with affiliates related through common ownership and management control, which involves the selling and purchasing of goods and cross utilization of resources. The following is a summary of the transactions and year-end balances with these affiliates as of and for the years ended March 31:

	2022	2021
Advances from affiliates	\$ 763,946	\$ 428,859
Due from affiliates	637,127	249,409
Sales, net	4,786	9,812
Cost of goods sold	505,003	428,719
Brand-related expense recovery (recorded as a reduction of selling, general and administrative expenses)	101,431	114,712
Interest expense	9,338	9,955
Selling, general and administrative expense (including shared services)	15,388	13,371

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has evaluated, for potential recognition or disclosure, significant events or transactions that occurred during the period subsequent to March 31, 2022, the most recent consolidated balance sheet presented herein, through June 30, 2022, the date these consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

CONSOLIDATING SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the consolidated financial statements of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. (a Delaware corporation) and subsidiaries as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and our report thereon dated June 30, 2022 expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying consolidating information is presented for purposes of additional analysis, rather than to present the financial position and results of operations of the individual entities, and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures. These additional procedures included comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the consolidating information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

New York, New York
June 30 2022

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

As of March 31, 2022
(amounts in thousands)

	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.	Chatterm Chemicals, Inc.	DUSA Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Taro Development Corporation	Consolidating Entries	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,485	\$ 3,264	\$ 529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,278
Accounts receivable, net	537,331	9,564	13,684	-	-	560,579
Other receivables	4,932	-	-	-	-	4,932
Due from related parties	461,774	(2,670)	170,147	7,876	-	637,127
Inventories	182,914	13,173	1,318	-	-	197,405
Prepaid expenses and other assets	8,704	(168)	11,917	-	-	20,453
Total current assets	1,223,140	23,163	197,595	7,876	-	1,451,774
Property, plant and equipment						
Land	1,029	388	-	-	-	1,417
Buildings and improvements	16,490	16,254	-	-	-	32,744
Equipment	48,185	30,956	6,065	-	-	83,206
Furniture and fixtures	2,932	301	-	-	-	3,233
Vehicles	25,000	45	-	-	-	25,045
Construction in process	1,524	1,433	-	-	-	2,957
Total	93,160	49,377	6,065	-	-	148,602
Less accumulated depreciation	48,885	29,432	5,475	-	-	83,792
Net property, plant and equipment	44,275	19,945	590	-	-	64,810
Investments						
Marketable equity securities	23,963	-	-	100,960	-	124,923
Nonmarketable equity securities	18,502	-	-	-	-	18,502
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	454,924	-	-	(41)	(381,963)	72,920
Convertible notes	28,611	-	-	-	-	28,611
Total investments	526,000	-	-	100,919	(381,963)	244,956
Operating lease assets						
Goodwill	6,947	-	-	-	-	6,947
Other intangible assets, net	17,933	12,121	43,111	-	-	73,165
Deferred income taxes	14,776	-	-	-	-	14,776
Advances to Parent	65,028	(1,540)	3,862	(22,577)	-	44,773
Total assets	\$ 1,898,099	\$ 53,689	\$ 245,158	\$ 86,218	\$ (381,963)	\$ 1,901,201

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET - CONTINUED

As of March 31, 2022
(amounts in thousands)

	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.	Chatterm Chemicals, Inc.	DUSA Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Taro Development Corporation	Consolidating Entries	Total
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable - trade	82,722	4,054	2,796	-	-	89,330
Accrued expenses	226,389	1,283	1,055	-	240	228,967
Contingent liability on acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current portion of operating lease obligations	1,893	-	-	-	-	1,893
Current portion of finance lease obligations	5,359	-	-	-	-	5,359
Total current liabilities	316,363	5,337	3,851	-	(2)	325,549
Advances from affiliates	773,962	(11,144)	-	1,128	-	763,946
Allocation of income taxes (receivable) payable	2,920	628	3,304	-	-	6,852
Operating lease obligations, net of current portion	5,375	-	-	-	-	5,375
Finance lease obligations, net of current portion	8,496	-	-	-	-	8,496
Total liabilities	1,107,116	(5,179)	7,155	1,128	(2)	1,110,218
Shareholders' equity						
Common stock	-	34,433	10	-	(34,443)	-
Additional paid-in capital	565,595	-	-	-	-	565,595
Retained earnings	225,388	24,435	237,993	85,090	(347,518)	225,388
Total shareholders' equity	790,983	58,868	238,003	85,090	(381,961)	790,983
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,898,099	\$ 53,689	\$ 245,158	\$ 86,218	\$ (381,963)	\$ 1,901,201

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the year ended March 31, 2022
(amounts in thousands)

	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.	Chattem Chemicals, Inc.	DUSA Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Taro Development Corporation	Consolidating Entries	Total
Sales	\$ 980,549	\$ 38,592	\$ 75,289	\$ -	\$ (2,190)	\$ 1,092,240
Other operating revenue	753	-	-	-	-	753
Cost of goods sold	628,062	28,793	4,789	-	(2,190)	659,454
Selling, general and administrative expenses	333,326	4,455	32,494	-	-	370,275
Research and development costs	15,459	879	1,330	-	-	17,668
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	(230)	-	-	-	-	(230)
Operating income	4,685	4,465	36,676	-	-	45,826
Other income (expense)						
Interest expense	(11,671)	240	(66)	-	-	(11,497)
Dividend and interest income	29,099	14	382	-	-	29,495
Equity in earnings from unconsolidated subsidiaries	(40,215)	-	-	-	-	(40,215)
(Losses) gains on equity securities	(15,583)	-	-	(48,403)	-	(63,986)
Equity in earnings from subsidiaries	24,009	-	-	-	(24,009)	-
Gain on sale of intangible asset	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	1,369	507	22,561	-	-	24,437
Other (expense) income, net	(12,992)	761	22,877	(48,403)	(24,009)	(61,766)
Income / (loss) before taxes	(8,307)	5,226	59,553	(48,403)	(24,009)	(15,940)
Allocated income tax (benefit) expense	(8,332)	(38)	1,195	(8,790)	-	(15,965)
Net income/(loss)	25	5,264	58,358	(39,613)	(24,009)	25

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(a subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Holdings USA, Inc.)

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the year ended March 31, 2022
(amounts in thousands)

	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.	Chattem Chemicals, Inc.	Mutual Pharmaceutical Company, Inc.	DUSA Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Pharmalucence, Inc.	Taro Development Corporation	Morley & Company, Inc.	PI Real Estate Ventures, LLC	Consolidating Entries	Total
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$ 790,958	\$ 53,604	\$ -	\$ 179,645	\$ -	\$ 124,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (357,952)	\$ 790,958
Net income	25	5,264	-	58,358	-	(39,613)	-	-	(24,008)	25
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$ 790,983	\$ 58,868	\$ -	\$ 238,003	\$ -	\$ 85,090	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (381,961)	\$ 790,983