INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Neetnay Real Estate Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its profit, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we
 are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of

accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021. However, no managerial remuneration has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the year;

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership Number: 107515 UDIN: 21107515AAAAAR8125 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2021

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements"

Re: Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company")

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given by management, the title deeds of immovable properties included in property, plant and equipment and Investment property are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventories during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (vii) (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including income-tax, goods and services tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. The provisions relating to provident fund, employees' state insurance and custom duty are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, goods and services tax, sales-tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues, wherever applicable were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales-tax, goods and services tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty, value added tax and cess, wherever applicable, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) The Company did not have any outstanding loans or borrowing dues in respect of a financial institution or bank or to government or dues to debenture holders during the year.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given by management, the Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer / debt instruments and term loans hence, reporting under clause (ix) is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) In our opinion, provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021. However, no managerial remuneration has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the year.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Balance Sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.

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(xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership Number: 107515 UDIN: 21107515AAAAAR8125 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2021

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statements of Neetnay Real Estate Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership Number: 107515 UDIN: 21107515AAAAAR8125 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2021

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Non-current assets	2	1 224 470	1 515 650
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	1,324,478	1,515,658
(b) Investment property	4	3,045,060,000	3,045,060,000
(c) Income tax assets	5	1,319,765	3,911,328
(d) Other financial assets	6	1,268,430	1,268,430
(e) Deferred tax assets	19	604	
Total non-current assets		3,048,973,277	3,051,755,416
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,299,448	1,979,198
(ii) Other financial assets	8	27,692,689	24,395,130
Total current assets		28,992,137	26,374,328
TOTAL ASSETS		3,077,965,414	3,078,129,744
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	9	100,000	100,000
(b) Other equity	10	2,923,413,627	2,922,340,774
Total equity		2,923,513,627	2,922,440,774
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	11	1,047,219	969,647
(ii) Other financial liabilities	12	150,000,000	150,000,000
(b) Deferred tax liabilities	19	130,000,000	10,365
Total non-current liabilities	19	151,047,219	150,980,012
Total non-current habilities		151,047,219	150,960,012
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise	21	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small			
enterprise		3,370,167	4,679,914
(b) Other current liabilities	13	34,401	29,044
Total current liabilities		3,404,568	4,708,958
TOTAL MADULTIFS		454 454 555	455 600 050
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	154,451,787	155,688,970
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,077,965,414	3,078,129,744

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership no.: 107515 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 25, 2021

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Amount ₹

Par	ticulars	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
(1)	Income			
ν-,	Revenue from operations	14	1,560,000	1,560,000
	Other income	15	320,576	453,335
(11)	Total income		1,880,576	2,013,335
(111)	Expenses			
	Finance costs	16	78,050	74,209
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	191,180	191,180
	Other expenses	17	186,773	295,192
(IV)	Total expenses		456,003	560,581
(V)	Profit before tax (II - IV)		1,424,573	1,452,754
(VI)	Tax expenses			
	Current tax	18	362,689	392,080
	Deferred tax	19	(10,969)	(6,842)
(VII)	Total tax expenses		351,720	385,238
(VIII)	Profit for the year (V - VII)		1,072,853	1,067,516
(IX)	Total comprehensive income for the year		1,072,853	1,067,516
	Earnings per equity share (face value per equity share - ₹ 10)	20		
	Basic and Diluted (in ₹)		107.29	106.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership no.: 107515 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director
DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 25, 2021

Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 25, 2021

NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Amount ₹

Particulars	Equity share	Other equity		Total
	capital	Reserve and surplus		
		Compulsorily	Retained earnings	
		convertible	(surplus in profit and	
		debentures	loss)	
Balance as at April 01, 2019	100,000	2,905,000,000	16,273,258	2,921,373,258
Profit for the year	-	-	1,067,516	1,067,516
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,067,516	1,067,516
Balance as at March 31, 2020	100,000	2,905,000,000	17,340,774	2,922,440,774
Profit for the year	-	-	1,072,853	1,072,853
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,072,853	1,072,853
Balance as at March 31, 2021	100,000	2,905,000,000	18,413,627	2,923,513,627

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership no.: 107515 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Chandrakant K. Agrawal Director

DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director DIN: 07340998 Mumbai, May 25, 2021

Amount ₹

PARTICULARS	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
A) Cash flow from operating activities		-
Net profit before tax	1,424,573	1,452,754
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	191,180	191,180
Interest on income tax refund	(320,576)	(453,335)
Finance cost	78,050	74,209
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,373,227	1,264,808
Movement in working capital:		
Increase in trade receivables	(3,297,559)	(4,702,635)
Decrease in trade payables	(1,309,747)	(133,260)
Increase in other current liabilities	5,357	29,044
Cash used in operations	(3,228,722)	(3,542,043)
Income tax paid (net of refund)	2,228,874	1,898,150
Net Cash used in operating activities (A)	(999,848)	(1,643,893)
B) Cash flow from investing activities		
Interest received	320,576	453,335
Net cash generated from investing activities (B)	320,576	453,335
C) Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest paid	(478)	(2,383)
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(478)	(2,383)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(679,750)	(1,192,941)
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,979,198	3,172,139
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,299,448	1,979,198

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of: (refer note 7)		Amount ₹
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks - in current account	1,299,448	1,979,198
	1,299,448	1,979,198

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership no. : 107515 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499

Mumbai, May 25, 2021

Director

DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 25, 2021

Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

1. General Information

Neetnav Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company") is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India, having it's registered office at Acme Plaza, Andheri-Kurla Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 059. The Company is a 100% subsidiary of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited

The Financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2021.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020.

2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

A. Current vs Non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

B. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Compound financial instruments

The component parts of compound financial instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

C. Revenue

Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

D. Income tax

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

E. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

F. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

G. Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

H. Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated in balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalisation criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Subsequent expenditures are capitalised only when they increase the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which they relate. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised in profit or loss.

Items of property, plant and equipment acquired through exchange of non-monetary assets are measured at fair value, unless the exchange transaction lacks commercial substance or the fair value of either the asset received or asset given up is not reliably measurable, in which case the acquired asset is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

Depreciation is recognised on the cost of assets (other than freehold land and Capital work-in-progress) less their residual values on straight-line method over their useful lives as indicated in Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The estimated useful lives of building improvements -10 years $\,$

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

I. Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in statement of profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

J. Leases

Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

2.3 Recent Accounting pronouncements:

Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2021.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Amount ₹

Particulars	Building	Total
At cost / deemed cost		
As at April 1, 2019	1,911,695	1,911,695
Additions	_	-
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31, 2020	1,911,695	1,911,695
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
As at March 31,2021	1,911,695	1,911,695
Accumulated depreciation		
As at April 1, 2019	204,857	204,857
Depreciation expense	191,180	191,180
As at March 31, 2020	396,037	396,037
Depreciation expense	191,180	191,180
As at March 31,2021	587,217	587,217
Carrying amount		
As at March 31, 2020	1,515,658	1,515,658
As at March 31,2021	1,324,478	1,324,478

4. INVESTMENT PROPERTY Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Investment in property (valued at cost)		
Property at Goregaon "Sun House"	3,045,060,000	3,045,060,000
	3,045,060,000	3,045,060,000

(i) Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for investment property:

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Usage charges for club house	1,560,000	1,560,000
	1,560,000	1,560,000

(ii) Fair value of investment property as on March 31, 2021 is ₹ 3,251,700,000 (March 31, 2020₹ 3,251,700,000).

Estimation of fair value:

The Company obtains independent valuation of its investment property at least annually.

The fair value of investment property has been determined by, an accredited independent valuer who is a specialist in valuing these types of investment properties. The inputs used are ready recknor rates specified by local authority for the purpose of fair value. All resulting fair value estimates for investment property is included in level 3.

- (iii) The Company had purchased property [Sun House, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400 063] for a total consideration of ₹ 3,045,060,000 (including stamp duty and registration charges) in 2014 and thus got the ownership rights to both the Land and Building of "Sun House" located at Goregaon East, paid to the seller is shown as 'Investment property' in the books.
- (iv) To fund this acquisition, the Company issued 0% percent Compulsory Convertible Debentures and Non-Cumulative, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference shares to Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited (SPIL) and Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited (SPLL). 61% of these instruments are subscribed by SPLL and balance 39% by SPIL.
- (v) By virtue of the joint holding of 2,90,500 Non-Cumulative, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each jointly with 2,90,500-0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10,000 each, the holders (SPIL and SPLL), got the exclusive right of usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights of 20,979.06 square meters in the immovable property of the Company situated at "Sun House", Plot No. 201, B/1, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400 063. Both SPIL and SPLL have made the payment to access exclusive right to occupy, enjoy and use the Building. The ownership of the Land remain with the Company. SPIL and SPLL do not have any right, title or interest in the underlying Land of the aforesaid property. Thus, SPIL and SPLL are having exclusive rights over building and accordingly the Company does not have any rights thereon.
- (vi) Each Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10000/- shall, subject to the provisions of law, be compulsorily convertible into Class B Equity Shares of the Company as decided by the board. Upon conversion of 0% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures into Class B Equity Shares, the occupancy rights in the above property shall be enjoyed by the Class B Equity Shares without any interruption, change or modification. The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

5. INCOME TAX ASSETS (NET)

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Advance tax [Net of provision for tax ₹ 1,253,237 (March 31, 2020 ₹ 864,088)]	1,319,765	3,911,328
	1,319,765	3,911,328

. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - NON CURRENT Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposit	1,268,430	1,268,430
	1,268,430	1,268,430

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	1,299,448	1,979,198
	1,299,448	1,979,198

8. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - CURRENT

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good		
Other receivable from related parties (refer note 25)	27,692,689	24,395,130
	27,692,689	24,395,130

9. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As March 3		As March 3	at 31, 2020
	Number of shares	(₹)	Number of shares	(₹)
Authorised share capital				
Class "A" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Class "B" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	500,000	5,000,000	500,000	5,000,000
Preference Shares of ₹10 each	500,000	5,000,000	500,000	5,000,000
	1,010,000	10,100,000	1,010,000	10,100,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Class "A" Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period

Particulars	As	at	As	at
	March 3	31, 2021	March 3	31, 2020
	Number of	(₹)	Number of	(₹)
	shares		shares	
Opening balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Add: issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

(b) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company / Shares held by Holding Company

Particulars	As		-	at
	March 3	31, 2021	March 3	31, 2020
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%
Equity shares Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

(c) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

Rights, preference and restrictions attached to equity shares: The class "A" equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement to dividend.

No equity share have been issued as bonus or shares issued for consideration other than cash or bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

The class 'B' equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, entitled to usage, enjoyment and occupancy rights in the investment property carry 1/10th voting rights. The equity shareholders are entitled to bonus and / or right shares of the same class of shares as and when issued.

(d) Terms/ rights attached to preference shares

The Non-Cumulative - Non Convertible Preference Shares are treated as Non Current Borrowings and not as Other Equity (as disclosed under IGAAP). The Preference Shares carry 0% interest and are compulsorily redeemable after a period of 20 years, hence its true nature is that of borrowing and not that of equity. As per relevant Ind AS the fair value as on 1st April 2015 of such Preference shares are accounted in the books and deemed interest on the same is accounted.

10.	OTHER EQUITY	Amount₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Reserves and surplus		
Retained earnings		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	17,340,774	16,273,258
Profit for the year	1,072,853	1,067,516
Balance as at the end of the year	18,413,627	17,340,774
Compulsorily convertible debentures	2,905,000,000	2,905,000,000
	2,923,413,627	2,922,340,774

Refer statement of changes in equity for detailed movement in other equity balance.

11. BORROWINGS (NON CURRENT)

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured		
Non cumulative - non convertible preference shares of ₹ 10 each	1,047,219	969,647
	1,047,219	969,647

12. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (NON CURRENT)

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Security deposit (refer note 25)	150,000,000	150,000,000
	150,000,000	150,000,000

13. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Amount ₹

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Statutory remittances	34,401	29,044
	34,401	29,044

14. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Amount ₹

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Usage charges for club house	1,560,000	1,560,000
	1.560.000	1.560.000

15. OTHER INCOME

Amount ₹

7.11		
Douticulous	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest on income tax refund	193,099	453,335
Interest on others	127,477	-
	320,576	453,335

16. FINANCE COSTS

Amount ₹

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Interest expense	78,050	74,209
	78,050	74,209

17. OTHER EXPENSES

Amount ₹

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Rates and taxes	6,240	2,806
Legal and professional fees	26,081	44,374
Power and fuel	64,112	152,365
Payment to auditors (net of input credit, wherever applicable)	90,340	90,340
Miscellaneous expenses	-	5,307
	186,773	295,192

18. TAX RECONCILIATION Amount ₹

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Reconciliation of current tax expense		
Profit before tax	1,424,573	1,452,754
Enacted income tax rate (%) *	25.168%	25.168%
Income tax calculated at income tax rate	358,537	365,630
Effect of expenses that are not deductible	19,644	18,677
(Excess) / Short provision of previous years	(26,461)	931
	351,720	385,238
Total tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	351,720	385,238

^{*} During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company had elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly, tax rate used for reconciliation above is the corporate tax rate of 25.168% (including surcharge and health & education cess).

19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS: Amount ₹

Particulars	Opening balance as at April 1, 2020 (Deferred tax liability)	Profit/(loss) movement during the year	Other comprehensive income movement during the year	Closing balance as at March 31, 2021 (Deferred tax asset)
Difference between written down value of property, plant and equipment as per books of accounts and income tax	10,365	(10,969)	-	(604)
	10,365	(10,969)	-	(604

20. EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE: Amount ₹

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
Tarticulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Profit for the year attributable to the equity share holders ₹	1,072,853	1,067,516
Number of equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	10,000	10,000
Earnings per equity share - Basic & Diluted ₹	107.29	106.75

As per agreement entered by the Company, the Debentures shall, subject to the provisions of law, be compulsorily convertible into Class B Equity Shares of the Company into such number of Class B Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each of the Company carrying rights mentioned in the said agreement and in Articles of Association of the Company, at the option of the Company at such time and upon such premium and in such tranches as the Board of Directors of the Company may decide from time to time. The Debenture holders shall not object to such conversion. As no conversion price is decided under the said agreement, it is not possible to decide potential issue of Equity Shares upon conversion of such Debentures and eventually Diluted EPS is calculated without considering such conversion.

21 DISCLOSURES UNDER THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006

The information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The company has not received any memorandum (as required to be filed by the suppliers with notified authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006) from vendor claiming the status as micro or small enterprise, hence no disclosures have been made.

22. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Amount ₹

	Д	As at March 31, 2021		
Particulars	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,299,448	
Security deposit			1,268,430	
Other financial assets	-	-	27,692,689	
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	-	1,047,219	
Trade payables	-	-	3,370,167	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000	

Amount ₹

·	Д	As at March 31, 2020			
	Fair value	Fair value	Amortised cost		
Particulars	through profit or	through other			
	loss	comprehensive			
		income			
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,979,198		
Security deposit	-	-	1,268,430		
Other financial assets	-	-	24,395,130		
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	969,647		
Trade payables	-	-	4,679,914		
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000		

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Commensurate with the size of the Company, its risk management assessment, policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Market risk

The Company does not have any market risk such as foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant undiscounted financial liabilities:

Amount ₹

				7 into and 3
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	More than 3	As at
rai ticulai s			years	March 31, 2021
Borrowing	-	-	1,047,219	1,047,219
Trade Payable	3,370,167	-	-	3,370,167
Other financial liabilities	-	-	150,000,000	150,000,000
	3,370,167	-	151,047,219	154,417,386

Amount ₹

Doublanders	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	More than 3	As at
Particulars			years	March 31, 2020
Borrowing	-	-	969,647	969,647
Trade Payable	4,679,914	-	-	4,679,914
Other financial liabilities	-	•	150,000,000	150,000,000
	4,679,914	•	150,969,647	155,649,561

- 24. As required by Ind AS 24, 'Related Party Disclosure' is given in Annexure "A"
- **25.** Previous year's figure has been regrouped / reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to this year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of NEETNAV REAL ESTATE PRIVATE LIMITED

per Nishant Mankodi

Partner

Membership no.: 107515 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Chandrakant K. Agrawal

Director DIN: 02525499 Mumbai, May 25, 2021 Rakeshchandra J. Sinha

Director
DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 25, 2021

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 24 'Related party disclosures':

(A) Name of related parties and description of relationship:

(i) Holding Company:

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited

(ii) Fellow subsidiary

Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited

(iii) Key management personnel

NameDesignationMr. Chandrakant K. AgrawalDirectorMr. Rakeshchandra J. SinhaDirector

Mr. Sanjay M. Jerry (w.e.f. October 30, 2020) Additional Director

Mr. Mangesh R. Tahmane (upto October 31, 2020) Director

(B) Summary of the transactions with related parties as per Ind AS 24

Amount ₹

Sr.		Fellow subsidiary		Holding Company	
No.	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
NO.	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
1	Lease Income	780,000	780,000	780,000	780,000
2	Reimbursement of expense	24,538,526	41,181,631	15,688,566	26,329,239

(C) Outstanding balance with related parties as per Ind AS 24

Amount ₹

Sr.		Fellow subsidiary		Holding Company	
No.	Particulars	As at	As at	As at	As at
NO.	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
1	Other receivable	16,797,694	15,255,545	10,894,995	9,139,585
2	Security deposit received	87,500,000	87,500,000	62,500,000	62,500,000

(D) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis. Outstanding trade balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.